

# Supplementary Specification to NORSOK M-501 for Surface Preparation and Protective Coatings

Public Review Draft

## Revision history

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## Acknowledgements

This IOGP Specification was prepared by a Joint Industry Programme 33 Standardization of Equipment Specifications for Procurement organized by IOGP with support by the World Economic Forum (WEF).

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## Foreword

This specification was prepared under Joint Industry Programme 33 (JIP33) "Standardization of Equipment Specifications for Procurement" organized by the International Oil & Gas Producers Association (IOGP) with the support from the World Economic Forum (WEF). Companies from the IOGP membership participated in developing this specification to leverage and improve industry level standardization globally in the oil and gas sector. The work has developed a minimized set of supplementary requirements for procurement, with life cycle cost in mind, resulting in a common and jointly agreed specification, building on recognized industry and international standards.

Recent trends in oil and gas projects have demonstrated substantial budget and schedule overruns. The Oil and Gas Community within the World Economic Forum (WEF) has implemented a Capital Project Complexity (CPC) initiative which seeks to drive a structural reduction in upstream project costs with a focus on industry-wide, non-competitive collaboration and standardization. The CPC vision is to standardize specifications for global procurement for equipment and packages. JIP33 provides the oil and gas sector with the opportunity to move from internally to externally focused standardization initiatives and provide step change benefits in the sector's capital projects performance.

This specification has been developed in consultation with a broad user and supplier base to realize benefits from standardization and achieve significant project and schedule cost reductions.

The JIP33 work groups performed their activities in accordance with IOGP's Competition Law Guidelines (November 2020).

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## Introduction

The purpose of the IOGP S-715 specification documents is to define a minimum common set of requirements for surface preparation and the procurement of protective coatings in accordance with Norsok M-501:2022, Surface Preparation and Protective Coatings, for application in the petroleum and natural gas industries.

The IOGP S-715 specification documents follow a common structure (as shown below) comprising a specification, also known as a technical requirements specification (TRS), a procurement data sheet (PDS), an information requirements specification (IRS) and a quality requirements specification (QRS). These four specification documents, together with the purchase order, define the overall technical specification for procurement.



### JIP33 Specification for Procurement Documents Supplementary Technical Requirements Specification (TRS)

This specification is to be applied in conjunction with the supporting PDS, IRS and QRS as follows.

#### **IOGP S-715: Supplementary Specification to Norsok M-501 for Surface Preparation and Protective Coatings**

This specification defines technical requirements for the supply of the equipment and is written as an overlay to Norsok M-501, following the Norsok M-501 clause structure. Clauses from Norsok M-501 not amended by this specification apply as written. Modifications to Norsok M-501 defined in this specification are introduced by a description that includes the type of modification (i.e. Add, Replace or Delete) and the position of the modification within the clause.

**NOTE** Lists, notes, tables, figures, equations, examples and warnings are not counted as paragraphs.

#### **IOGP S-715D: Procurement Data Sheet for Surface Preparation and Protective Coatings (Norsok)**

The PDS defines application-specific requirements. The PDS is applied during the procurement cycle only and does not replace the equipment data sheet. The PDS may also include fields for supplier-provided information required as part of the purchaser's technical evaluation. Additional purchaser-supplied documents may also be incorporated or referenced in the PDS to define scope and technical requirements for enquiry and purchase of the equipment.

**IOGP S-715L: Information Requirements for Surface Preparation and Protective Coatings (NORSOK)**

The IRS defines information requirements for the scope of supply. The IRS includes information content, format, timing and purpose to be provided by the supplier, and may also define specific conditions that invoke the information requirements.

**IOGP S-715Q: Quality Requirements for Surface Preparation and Protective Coatings (NORSOK)**

The QRS defines quality management system requirements and the proposed extent of purchaser conformity assessment activities for the scope of supply. Purchaser conformity assessment activities are defined through the selection of one of four generic conformity assessment system (CAS) levels on the basis of evaluation of the associated service and supply chain risks. The applicable CAS level is specified by the purchaser in the PDS or in the purchase order.

The specification documents follow the editorial format of NORSOK M-501 and, where appropriate, the drafting principles and rules of ISO/IEC Directives Part 2.

The PDS and IRS are published as editable documents for the purchaser to specify application-specific requirements. The TRS and QRS are fixed documents.

The order of precedence of documents applicable to the supply of the equipment, with the highest authority listed first, shall be as follows:

- a) regulatory requirements;
- b) contract documentation (e.g. purchase order);
- c) purchaser-defined requirements (e.g. PDS, IRS and QRS);
- d) this specification;
- e) NORSOK M-501.



## 1 Scope

### Add to clause

The scope of this specification includes the following:

- selection of coating and paint systems;
- design of coating systems application;
- surface preparation and cleanliness;
- description of coating systems;
- qualification of coating systems;
- application procedures;
- qualification of coating manufacturers, applicators and inspectors;
- inspection and testing requirements;
- quality management;
- repairs of newly applied coating and paint systems.

This specification is applicable to shop and field-applied coatings for new construction including structures, piping and equipment items.

### Add to clause

This specification is applicable to the following environments:

- offshore, marine coastal and subsea (corrosivity categories CX, Im4 and Im3);
- buried and submerged;
- internal coating of tanks and process vessels;
- painting and coating under insulation;
- subsea production systems (subsea hardware) and valves;
- underground piping (excluding pipeline);
- HVAC areas and areas with corrosivity category C1;
- onshore locations and areas with corrosivity categories C2 to C5 (see Annex M);
- areas with operating temperature range from -196 °C to 600 °C.

### Add to clause

This specification is not applicable to the following items and applications:

- hull coatings;

- painting and coating systems of non-metallic components;
- pipeline and flowline coatings;
- riser coatings and splash zone sheathings;
- anti-fouling and fouling release coatings;
- building coatings;
- maintenance coating systems;
- fasteners coatings;
- thermoplastic and thermosetting liners;
- elastomeric coatings;
- metallic linings;
- internal coatings of downhole tubing or drill pipes;
- anti-galling coatings;
- thin film coatings not intended for corrosion protection (e.g. polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) and other coatings whose main purpose is to reduce friction and temporary storage);
- functional coatings for erosion and abrasion protection (e.g. electroless nickel plating (ENP) coating, hard facing coatings);
- insulation coatings;
- temporary coatings for preservation, transportation and storage;
- coatings of temporary equipment and equipment with a design life shorter than 15 years.

## 2 Normative references

### Add to first paragraph

The following publications are referred to in this document, the PDS (IOGP S-715D) or the IRS (IOGP S-715L) in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this specification.

For the purpose of this document, the national version (NS) of EN and EN ISO standards referenced in NORSOK M-501 is equivalent to the corresponding EN and ISO standards.

### Add to clause

ASTM A123/A123M, *Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products*

ASTM B833, *Standard Specification for Zinc and Zinc Alloy Wire for Thermal Spraying (Metallizing) for the Corrosion Protection of Steel*

ASTM D610, *Standard Practice for Evaluating Degree of Rusting on Painted Steel Surfaces*

ASTM D714, *Standard Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Blistering of Paints*

ASTM D3359, *Standard Test Methods for Rating Adhesion by Tape Test*

ASTM D4414, *Standard Practice for Measurement of Wet Film Thickness by Notch Gages*

ASTM D4417, *Standard Test Methods for Field Measurement of Surface Profile of Blast Cleaned Steel*

ASTM D4541, *Standard Test Method for Pull-Off Strength of Coatings Using Portable Adhesion Testers*

AWS C2.25/C2.25M, *Specification for Thermal Spray Feedstock—Wire and Rods*

ILOGP Report 589, *Paint and surface treatment definitions for the oil and gas industry*

ISO 2808, *Paints and varnishes — Determination of film thickness*

ISO 4618, *Paint and varnishes — Terms and definitions*

ISO 12690, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings — Thermal spray coordination — Tasks and responsibilities*

ISO 12944 (all parts), *Paints and varnishes — Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems*

ISO 16961, *Petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries — Internal coating and lining of steel storage tanks*

ISO 18796-1, *Petroleum, petrochemicals and natural gas industries — Internal coating and lining of carbon steel process vessels — Part 1: Technical requirements*

NACE SP0188, *Discontinuity (Holiday) Testing of New Protective Coatings on Conductive Substrates*

NACE SP0287, *Field Measurement of Surface Profile of Abrasive Blast-Cleaned Steel Surfaces Using a Replica Tape*

NACE AMPP TM0174, *Laboratory Test Methods for the Evaluation of Protective Coatings and Lining Materials on Metallic Substrates in Immersion Service*

SSPC-AB 1, *Mineral and Slag Abrasive*

SSPC-AB 3, *Ferrous Metallic Abrasive*

SSPC-PA 2, *Procedure for Determining Conformance to Dry Coating Thickness Requirements*

SSPC-CS 23, *Specification for the Application of Thermal Spray Coatings (Metallizing) of Aluminum, Zinc, and Their Alloys and Composites for the Corrosion Protection of Steel*

SSPC-SP 1, *Solvent Cleaning*

SSPC-SP 10, *Near-White Metal Blast Cleaning*

SSPC-SP 11, *Power Tool Cleaning to Bare Metal*

SSPC-VIS 1, *Guide and Reference Photographs for Steel Surfaces Prepared by Dry Abrasive Blast Cleaning*

Delete from clause

NORSOK M-001, *Materials selection*

NORSOK M-121, *Aluminium structural material*

NACE TM0185, *Standard Test Method — Evaluation of Internal Plastic Coatings for Corrosion Control of Tubular Good by Autoclave Testing*

### 3 Terms and definitions

Replace first paragraph with

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in NORSOK M-501:2022, ISO 4618, ISO 12944 (all parts), IOGP Report 589 and the following apply.

Add new term 3.26

#### 3.26

##### **coating system**

layer combined of all coats of the same or multiple coating materials

Add new term 3.27

#### 3.27

##### **lining**

coating system that is applied to the internal surfaces of a tank or vessel to serve as a barrier to corrosion

Add new term 3.28

#### 3.28

##### **purchaser**

party which purchases a product from a manufacturer

Note 1 to entry: In this specification, the purchaser is an oil company, an engineering contractor or a buyer.

Add new term 3.29

#### 3.29

##### **splash zone**

##### **tidal zone**

area that is alternately wet and dry because of the influence of tides, winds, waves or ballasting/loading

### 4 Abbreviations

Add to clause

ACQPA	Association for Certification and Qualification of Anticorrosion Paintwork
AMPP	Association for Materials Protection and Performance
APS	application procedure specification
CAS	conformity assessment system
CRA	corrosion resistant alloy
CUI	corrosion under insulation
ENP	electroless nickel plating
FLNG *	floating liquefied natural gas

HSSE	health, safety, security and environment
ICATS	Industrial Coating Applicator Training Scheme
IRS	information requirements specification
LNG *	liquefied natural gas
NIICAP	NACE International Institute Contractor Accreditation Program
PDS	procurement data sheet
PPT	pre-production trial
PQT	procedure qualification trial
PTFE	polytetrafluoroethylene
QRS	quality requirements specification
SDS	supplier data sheet
SSPC	Steel Structures Painting Council
TDS	technical data sheet
TRS	technical requirements specification

\* Cited in IOGP S-715J only.

## 5 General requirements

### 5.1 General

In fifth list subclause of second paragraph, add after "offshore and coastal"

and onshore

Add new list subclause to second paragraph

- corrosivity categories C5 to C2 apply to environments with reduced aggressiveness compared with corrosivity category CX.

Add to last paragraph

and, for environments with corrosivity categories C5 to C2, in Annex M

### 5.2 Design and planning

Add to subclause

Field coating of finished items shall be limited to touch-up, repair of damaged coating, field weld areas and complete re-coating work.

## 5.4 Ambient conditions

### Add to subclause

Unless the ambient conditions are controlled to the requirement of this specification, final blast cleaning and coating shall not be done.

### Add to subclause

If the ambient conditions fall outside the limits before the paint has cured, surfaces shall be re-blasted and re-coated.

## 5.5 Coating materials and coating systems

### Add to second sentence of fourth paragraph

, except for the curing component

### Add to seventh paragraph after "CSDS no. 5A,"

CSDS no. 5C,

### Add to subclause

Materials that have deteriorated (e.g. with change in visual appearance such as colour, with change in viscosity and/or with excessive separation) during storage shall be segregated.

### Add to subclause

Segregated materials shall be rejected unless they are tested and re-certified by the coating manufacturer to confirm usability.

### Add to subclause

Coating materials, additives and equipment cleaners for each coat and coating system shall be from the same coating manufacturer.

### Add to subclause

When defined in the CSDS for internal coating and lining of process vessels, pre-qualification in accordance with ISO 18796-1 shall be permitted.

### Add to subclause

When defined in the CSDS for internal coating and lining of steel storage tanks, pre-qualification in accordance with ISO 16961 shall be permitted.

## 5.8 Uncoated surfaces

### Replace first paragraph (including list) with

Jacketing materials on insulated surfaces shall not be coated.

### Delete second paragraph

Add new list item to third paragraph

- internal surfaces of piping and equipment items, unless internal coating is applied;

Add new list item to third paragraph

- items that cannot be coated due to equipment certification (e.g. ATEX certification).

In first sentence of fourth paragraph, replace "connected to carbon steel" with

welded directly to carbon steel that is to be coated

Add after first sentence of fourth paragraph

Coating requirements for non-welded connections between stainless steel and carbon steel such as flanges shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

### 5.11 Hot-dip galvanising

Add to first sentence of first paragraph

or ASTM A123/A123M

Add to start of seventh sentence

If required to remove surface contamination,

### 5.12 Records and reports

Add to last list item after "the relevant CADs"

, technical data sheets (TDSs), safety data sheets (SDSs) and batch testing certificates

Add to subclause

The CPS (also known as application procedure specification (APS)) and CPT (also known as procedure qualification trial (PQT)) in accordance with Clause 11 shall be submitted before commencement of the coating work.

Add to subclause

The approval certificate and test certificates for coating in contact with potable water and jet fuel shall be provided with the coating report.

Add to subclause

Guarantee certificates shall be submitted with the coating report as required.

### 5.13 Additional requirements to equipment

Delete first list subclause

Delete "while parts in stainless steel may be coated after assembly" from third list subclause

Delete third paragraph

Add to fifth paragraph

, except on the flange face sealing area

Add new subclause

### **5.15 Stainless steels**

Stainless steels under insulation with the exception of HVAC ducting and tubing shall be coated regardless of the temperature.

Add new subclause

### **5.16 Nickel steel**

9 % nickel steel shall not be coated with metallic zinc-based coatings.

Add new subclause

### **5.17 Manufacturer standard for off-the-shelf items**

The coating system of the equipment manufacturer for off-the-shelf items not listed in Clause 15, when agreed, shall comply with the performance requirements of ISO 12944 (all parts) or ISO 19277 for the environmental corrosivity or CUI classification.

## **6 Health, safety and environment**

Replace second paragraph with

Materials, equipment and plants for surface preparation and coating application shall comply with the applicable health, safety, security and environment (HSSE) laws and regulations.

## **7 Surface preparation**

### **7.1 Pre-blasting preparations**

Delete second sentence of second paragraph

In second sentence of fifth paragraph, add after "ISO 12944-4"

or SSPC-SP 1

Add to subclause

After cleaning and before proceeding with further preparation and coating, surfaces shall be dry.

### **7.2 Blast cleaning**

Add to second sentence of second paragraph

or ASTM D4417 Method C or NACE SP0287

Delete third sentence of second paragraph

Delete fourth sentence of second paragraph



In fifth sentence of second paragraph, replace "and free from chlorides when used on stainless steel and non-ferrous substrates" with

or stainless steel when used on stainless steel

Add to second paragraph

Non-metallic abrasive shall be used on non-ferrous substrates.

Add to first sentence of third paragraph

or SSPC-AB 3

Add to second sentence of third paragraph

or SSPC-AB 1

Add to fourth paragraph

A test report or certificate of conformance with the applicable standard shall be supplied with each batch of abrasive.

### 7.3 Final surface condition

Add to first paragraph

Surface irregularities appearing after surface preparation shall be removed.

Add to first paragraph

Following removal of surface irregularities, the affected areas shall be re-blasted

Add to subclause

The equivalent surface preparation grades shall be in accordance with Table 6.

Add new Table 6

**Table 6 — Equivalent surface preparation grades**

Cleaning method	ISO 8501-1	SSPC	NACE
White metal abrasive blast cleaning	Sa 3	SP 5	No. 1
Near white abrasive blast cleaning	Sa 2 1/2	SP 10	No. 2

### 7.4 Stainless steels and non-ferrous substrates

Add to first paragraph

Stainless steel, nickel and copper-based alloys shall be cleaned with dedicated abrasive equipment.

Replace second paragraph with

Cleaning and rinsing liquids used for stainless steel shall contain less than 50 mg/l (50 ppm) chlorides.

#### 7.4.1 HDG substrates

Replace last sentence with

Defects, breakthrough or crisping of the zinc layer shall not be permitted.

#### 7.4.2 Aluminium substrates

Add to subclause

The pH of the detergent for cleaning aluminium alloys shall be lower than or equal to 9.

Add new subclause

### 7.5 Power tool cleaning

#### 7.5.1

Power tool cleaning shall be permitted only for repair of a single defective area of less than 25 cm<sup>2</sup> (4 in<sup>2</sup>).

#### 7.5.2

The use of power tools shall be separately qualified in accordance with 11.3.

#### 7.5.3

Power tool cleaning shall be in accordance with SSPC-SP 11.

#### 7.5.4

Power tools used to clean stainless steel, nickel and copper based alloys shall be made of stainless steel or higher alloyed corrosion-resistant material.

## 8 Coating application

### 8.1 General

In first sentence of first paragraph, replace "coverage" with

hiding power

Delete second sentence of second paragraph

### 8.2 Application equipment

Add to subclause

The method of application shall be airless spray or plural component spray.

### 8.3 Application

Add to first paragraph

Surfaces shall be re-blasted if the application of the primer cannot be completed before flash rust appears and within four hours of preparing the surface or within the time recommended by the coating manufacturer, whichever is shorter.

Add to fourth paragraph

Workmanship visual inspections for defects (e.g. imperfections, blisters and holidays) of each coat shall be performed only until the coating system application has been completed.

Add to fifth paragraph

After removal of contamination, the coating shall be repaired.

Add after second sentence of sixth paragraph

If the coating system applies to temperatures less than 80 °C (or up to 120 °C, if qualified), the repair can be done by using epoxy zinc rich primer over inorganic zinc primer.

Add to second sentence of eighth paragraph

in accordance with ISO 2808 Method 1A or ASTM D4414

Delete second sentence of fourteenth paragraph

Delete third sentence of fourteenth paragraph

Delete fourth sentence of fourteenth paragraph

Replace fifth, sixth and seventh sentences of fourteenth paragraph with

Areas adjacent to the manholes and areas at risk of coating damage shall be inspected in accordance with Table 2, after installation of internals and after dismantling of internal scaffolding.

## **9 Thermally sprayed metallic coatings**

### **9.1 General**

Delete "pressure retaining" from first sentence of second paragraph

Delete "if exposed to cathodic protection system based on aluminium anodes" from second sentence of second paragraph

Add to subclause

If the minimum DFT is in accordance with ISO 2063-1, Table C.1, the sealer shall not be applied on TSA coating for immersion service (Im4), buried service (Im3) or under insulation.

### **9.2 Metallic coating materials**

Add to first sentence of first paragraph

and Table 7

Add new Table 7**Table 7 — Metallic materials for thermally sprayed coating**

Thermal spray coating	Standard	Classification (UNS no.)
TSZ	ISO 14919	2.1 / Zn 99.99
	ISO 14919	2.2 / Zn 99
	AWS C2.25/C2.25M	W-Zn-1 (Z13001)
	AWS C2.25/C2.25M	W-Zn-2 (Z15001)
	AWS C2.25/C2.25M	W-ZnAl-2 (Z30700)
	ASTM B833	99.99 Zinc (Z13005)
	ASTM B833	99.9 Zinc (Z15005)
	ASTM B833	99.995 Zinc (Z12004)
	ASTM B833	99.95 Zinc (Z14004)
	ASTM B833	99 Zinc (Z17000)
	AWS C2.25/C2.25M	W-ZnAl-1 (Z30401)
TSA	ISO 14919	3.2 / Al99.5
	ISO 14919	3.3 / AlMg5
	AWS C2.25/C2.25M	W-Al-1100 (A91100)
	AWS C2.25/C2.25M	W-Al-1350 (A91350)

Delete first paragraph (including list)Replace fourth sentence of fifth paragraph with

The sealer shall not be applied for immersed (Im4) service, buried (Im3) service or insulated services.

Delete first sentence of sixth paragraphIn second sentence of sixth paragraph, replace "sealer" with

tie coat

**9.3 Application of thermally sprayed coating**Delete first sentence of fourth paragraphDelete NOTE**9.4 Repair, field coating of pipes and coating of in-fill steel**Delete second sentence of fifth paragraphDelete fifth sentence of sixth paragraph

## 10 Passive fire protection coatings

### 10.1 General

In first sentence of first paragraph, add before "spray applied"

intumescent type

### 10.2 The PFP coating systems

In second sentence of second paragraph, replace "AISI 316L" with

stainless steel

Replace third sentence of second paragraph with

Stainless steel studs shall be used for stainless steel substrates.

Delete fourth sentence of third paragraph

Delete first sentence of fourth paragraph

Delete second sentence of fourth paragraph

Delete third sentence of fourth paragraph

Add new list item to second sentence of sixth paragraph

— exposed to cryogenic temperatures or cryogenic spills.

### 10.3 Application

Delete second sentence of third paragraph

Delete first sentence of fourth paragraph

Delete second sentence of fourth paragraph

Delete fifth paragraph

## 11 Qualification requirements

### 11.1 Pre-qualification of materials

Replace first sentence of second paragraph with

The laboratory performing pre-qualification of coating material shall be certified to ISO/IEC 17025 for the required tests and assessment methods.

Delete "by a 3rd party inspector accepted by the testing laboratory" from second sentence of second paragraph

Add to subclause

Lining materials for process vessels and tanks shall have 5 years of documented performance in the specific service and fluid.

Add to subclause

Pre-qualified coating systems shall be re-qualified if the formulation of individual coats is changed.

Add to subclause

Pre-qualified coating systems shall be re-qualified if the coating manufacturer is changed.

Add to subclause

Unless permitted in the CSDS, pre-qualified coating systems shall be re-qualified if the substrate material is changed.

Add to subclause

Coating systems shall be re-qualified if the surface preparation is changed.

Add to subclause

Coating systems shall be re-qualified if the DFT range of an individual coat is changed.

Add to subclause

Coating systems shall be re-qualified if the total DFT range is changed.

Add to subclause

Equipment used for pull-off testing shall apply an automatically centered pulling force.

Add to subclause

Pull-off adhesion testing on systems CSDS no. 4A and CSDS no. 4B shall be without skid aggregates.

Add to subclause

The thickness for pre-qualification tests of the PFP material in systems CSDS no. 5A, CSDS no. 5C and CSDS no. 5S shall be the thickness certified by the fire protection testing.

Add to subclause

Corrosion tests, pull-off tests and fire tests on PFP systems shall be performed on the certified scheme with respect to mesh requirements.

Add to subclause

PFP systems where the mesh is optional shall be tested with and without mesh.

Add to subclause

Qualification of system CSDS no. 7 on carbon steel substrate shall qualify stainless steel substrate.

Add to subclause

Qualification of linings for multi-phase service shall test each of area exposed to different phases (e.g. oil, produced water and vapour phases).

**Table 1 — Pre-qualification tests for coating materials***Replace Table 1 with*

Activity No.	Activity description	Verification method	Acceptance criteria	Remarks
11.1A	Cyclic ageing test	ISO 12944-9, Annex B	ISO 12944-9 and supplementary requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Chalking to ISO 4628-6, maximum rating 2 for system 1A and 1B.</li> <li>Pull-off test to ISO 4624 or ASTM D4541.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhesion failure: Minimum 5,0 MPa (725 psi), maximum 50 % reduction from the value measured before ageing.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Applicable for CSDS no. 1A, CSDS no. 1B, CSDS no. 1G <sup>Note 1</sup> , CSDS no. 1H <sup>Note 1</sup> , CSDS no. 4A, CSDS no. 4B
11.1B	PFP system verification tests after ageing resistance according to ISO 12944-9, Annex B, cyclic aging test	ISO 12944-9, Annex B and supplementary requirements: Water uptake after exposure testing, Annex F. Fire test.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pull-off test to ISO 4624 or ASTM D4541.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhesion failure <math>\geq 5</math> MPa.</li> <li>Cohesive failure <math>\geq 2</math> MPa for systems 5A and 5S.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Water uptake <math>&lt; 2</math> % for systems 5A and 5S.</li> <li>Fire test, according to regulatory requirements or Annex H for systems 5A, 5C and 5S.</li> </ul>	Applicable for CSDS no. 5A, CSDS no. 5C, CSDS no. 5S
11.3	PFP system ageing resistance	UL 2431 Wet Freeze Dry Cycle or equivalent	ISO 12944-9 and supplementary requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fire test verification to Regulatory requirement or Annex H.</li> </ul>	Applicable for CSDS no. 5A, CSDS no. 5C, CSDS no. 5S
11.4	Cathodic disbonding test	ISO 12944-9	ISO 12944-9	Applicable for CSDS no. 1F, CSDS no. 3C, CSDS no. 5S, CSDS no. 7A, CSDS no. 7B, CSDS no. 7C
11.5	High temperature cathodic disbonding test for operating temperature $> 50$ °C (122 °F)	ISO 12944-9 and supplementary requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Steel temperature to be the maximum operating temperature.</li> <li>Electrolyte to contain 3,5 % NaCl.</li> <li>Electrolyte bulk temperature to be maintained at <math>+30</math> °C (86 °F).</li> <li>Cathodic protection potential to be <math>-1200</math> mV (SCE).</li> <li>Oxygen concentration of the test solution to be maintained at its saturation value at the electrolyte bulk temperature.</li> <li>Duration 4 weeks.</li> </ul>	ISO 12944-9	Applicable for CSDS no. 7A, CSDS no. 7B, CSDS no. 7C  Refer to Annex C for typical test set-up.  Cathodic disbonding tests for operating temperature above $100$ °C ( $212$ °F) to be done under pressure to prevent boiling of the solution on the steel surface.

**Table 1 — Pre-qualification tests for coating materials** *(continued)*

Activity No.	Activity description	Verification method	Acceptance criteria	Remarks
11.6	CUI testing	ISO 19277 for category CUI-3, excluding multiphase CUI cyclic corrosion test. For CSDS no. 1D and CSDS no. 10A both tests are required. For CSDS no. 6C and CSDS no. 10B, only thermal cyclic testing is required.	ISO 19277	Applicable for CSDS no. 1D, CSDS no. 10A, CSDS no. 6C and CSDS no. 10B. For insulated cryogenic service, see 11.18.
11.7	CUI vertical pipe test	ISO 19277 vertical pipe test for category CUI-3. Temperature measured 100 mm above the hotplate to be $\geq 200$ °C during testing.	ISO 19277	Applicable for CSDS no. 1D and CSDS no. 10A and CSDS no. 10B
11.8	Static high temperature test	Heat test panels in an oven with an initial ramp rate of 10 °C/min up to a temperature of 204 °C and hold for 28 days. Remove from oven and allow to cool to ambient. Testing as per ISO 19277.	Blistering, cracking, flaking and pre- and post-test adhesion as per ISO 19277.	Applicable for CSDS no. 1D, CSDS no. 6C, CSDS no. 10A and CSDS no. 10B
11.9	Water immersion test	ISO 2812-2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhesion failure (see ISO 4624 or ASTM D4541): Maximum 30 % reduction from original value, but never below 10 MPa</li> <li>Visual evaluation as per ISO 4628-2, ISO 4628-3, ISO 4628-4 and ISO 4628-5. Nil (0 %) regarding blistering, rusting, cracking and flaking.</li> </ul>	Applicable for CSDS no. 3A
11.10	Seawater tank test to IMO	IMO PSPC.MSC.215(82) Appendix 1	Acceptance criteria for epoxy-based systems applied according to Table 1 of the IMO resolution. Pre-qualification at MDFT 320 $\mu$ m is acceptable.	Applicable for seawater ballast tanks and CSDS no. 3B
11.11	Cargo oil tank test to IMO	IMO PSPC MSC.288(87), Appendix 1 and 2	IMO PSPC MSC.288(87). Pre-qualification at MDFT 320 $\mu$ m is acceptable.	Applicable for offshore and cargo oil tank and CSDS no.3C
11.12	Thermal cycling test	NACE TM0404 section 9	NACE TM0404 section 9. Visual evaluation as per ISO 4628-4 and ISO 4628-5: Nil (0 %) regarding cracking and flaking.	Applicable for CSDS no. 3A, CSDS no. 3D, CSDS no. 3E and CSDS no. 3F
11.13	Immersion testing	ISO 2812-1	ISO 2812-1 and supplementary requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhesion per ISO 16276-2 or ISO 2409, classification: 0-2 or ASTM D3359 Method B classification 3B.</li> <li>Nil (0 %) regarding blistering, rusting, cracking and flaking to ISO 4628-2, ISO 4628-3, ISO 4628-4 and ISO 4628-5.</li> </ul>	Applicable for CSDS no. 3G



**Table 1 — Pre-qualification tests for coating materials** *(continued)*

Activity No.	Activity description	Verification method	Acceptance criteria	Remarks
11.14	Elevated temperature and pressure testing	NACE TM0174, Method A (6 months)	ISO 4628-2 or ASTM D714, no blisters. ISO 4628-3 or ASTM D610, 9 or better.	Applicable for CSDS no. 3D, CSDS no. 3E and CSDS no. 3F
11.15	Cathodic disbonding	ASTM G42:11, +80 °C	ASTM G42:11 and supplementary requirements: • Equivalent circuit diameter < 20 mm.	Applicable for CSDS no. 1F
11.16	Buried pipe coating test	ISO 12944-9, for category Im4	ISO 12944-9 and supplementary requirements: • Average 6,0 mm corrosion at scribe. • Pull off testing adhesion failure: ≥ 5 MPa and maximum 50 % reduction from original value.	Applicable for CSDS no. 1F
11.17	Impact testing	ASTM G14, Three specimens and 20 impact readings	ASTM G14, 5.6 J (50 in-lbf)	Applicable for CSDS no. 1F and CSDS no. 7A
11.18	CUI cryogenic testing	ISO 19277, CUI-3-Cryo	ISO 19277	Applicable for CSDS no. 9
11.19	Process vessels lining test	ISO 18796-1	ISO 18796-1 and as per CSDS	Alternative internal coating and lining of process vessels to ISO 18796-1. Qualification of linings to sample all phases (e.g. oil, produced water and vapour phases) of multi-phase systems. When specified, applicable for CSDS no. 3D, CSDS no. 3E, CSDS no. 3F, CSDS no. 3G
11.20	Storage tank lining test	ISO 16961	ISO 16961	Alternative internal coating and lining of above ground welded steel atmospheric storage tanks handling stabilized crude oil, hydrocarbons and water. When specified, applicable for CSDS no. 3B, CSDS no. 3C
NOTE 1 Testing for System 1G and 1H according to the CSDS at the maximum operating temperature of 120 °C.				

## 11.2 Qualification of applicator contractors and personnel

### 11.2.2 Qualification of coating operators

Replace first paragraph (including list) with

Operators shall be certified to NACE, SSPC, ACQPA, ICATS or an equivalent certification accepted by the purchaser.

Delete first sentence of second paragraph

### 11.2.3 Qualification of metal spray operators

In first sentence of first paragraph, replace "Annex A.2" with

and Table 2

Replace second sentence of first paragraph with

The thermal sprayer practical test shall be demonstrated on test panels or components in accordance with 11.3.2.

Add after first paragraph

The thermal spray coating shall be applied in accordance with the CPS.

Replace first sentence of second paragraph with

The thermal sprayer qualification tests shall be in accordance with the procedure qualification tests in Table 2.

Add to second paragraph

The adhesion test for thermal sprayer qualification shall use three sets of three dollies (i.e. nine dollies in total).

Delete fifth paragraph

### 11.2.4 Qualification of passive fire protection operators

Delete second paragraph

Delete third paragraph

### 11.2.5 Qualification of supervisors, foremen and Quality Control personnel

Add to first sentence of first paragraph

, SSPC PCI Level 3 or AMPP Senior Certified Coating Inspector

Add to second sentence of first paragraph after "level II"

or SSPC PCI Level 2 or AMPP Certified Coating Inspector

Add to second paragraph

SSPC PCI Level 2, or to an equivalent level by an organisation specified by the purchaser.

Add to subclause

Qualification of personnel supervising and coordinating thermal spraying activities shall be in accordance with ISO 12690.

### **11.3 Qualification of procedures**

#### **11.3.1 Coating procedure specification (CPS)**

Replace fourth list item of first paragraph with

- SDSs for blasting media, coating materials, and solvents;

Delete fifth list item of first paragraph

Add new list item to first paragraph

- performance (pre-qualification) test report.

Replace first list item of fifth paragraph with

- modifications, reformulations or substitution of approved individual coats and coating systems;

Add new list item to fifth paragraph

- unless permitted in the CSDS, a change of the substrate material from ferrous to non-ferrous.

#### **11.3.2 Coating procedure test (CPT) and pre-production trial (PPT)**

In first sentence of second paragraph, replace "can" with

shall

In first sentence of third paragraph, replace "can" with

shall

Delete third sentence of third paragraph

Replace second list item of fourth paragraph with

- inspection and test results in accordance with Table 2;

Replace second sentence of ninth paragraph with

Extension of the CPT beyond 3 years shall be maximum 1 year with conditions remaining unchanged.

Delete third sentence of ninth paragraph

## 12 Inspection and testing

**Table 2 — Inspection and testing**

*Replace Table 2 with*

Activity No.	Activity description	Verification method	Frequency	Acceptance criteria	Management of non-conformance
<b>Activities prior to surface preparation</b>					
12.1	Substrate reception control	ISO 8501-1 or SSPC-VIS 1	100 % of all surfaces	Rust Grade B or Condition B	Remediation of surface or object.
12.2	Visual examination of substrate preparation	ISO 8501-3	100 % of all surfaces	As per CSDS	Defects to be removed or repaired.
<b>Environmental conditions</b>					
12.3	Environmental conditions recording during surface preparation and coating	ISO 8502-4	Before the start of each shift and twice per shift	In accordance with 5.4	No blasting nor coating.
<b>Surface preparation</b>					
12.4	Surface contamination testing	ASTM F22	One test for each batch of components, at least once per 100 m <sup>2</sup> of prepared surface with a minimum of three checks per day	Free from contamination, no water pearls	Re-clean as specified in 7.1 until criterion is met.
12.5	Compressed air quality	ASTM D4285	At the start of each shift	Free from any contamination	Clean and service air delivery system. Clean and re-blast contaminated components since last acceptable test.
12.6	Testing of blasting medium (salt and oil contamination)	ASTM D7393	Once per batch of blasting medium	No oil	Change blasting media. Re-wash and re-blast of surface prepared with contaminated medium.
		ASTM D4940		150 µS/cm (150 µmho/cm)	
12.7	Surface cleanliness after blasting carbon steel	ISO 8501-1 or SSPC VIS 1	100 % visual of all surfaces	In accordance with specified requirements in CSDS and equivalent surface preparation in Table 6.	Re-blasting and re-testing.
		ISO 8502-3	One test for each batch of components, at least once per 100 m <sup>2</sup> (1076 ft <sup>2</sup> ) of prepared surface with a minimum of three checks per day	Maximum quantity rating 2 and size rating 2	Re-cleaning and retesting of non-conforming area until acceptable.

**Table 2 — Inspection and testing** *(continued)*

Activity No.	Activity description	Verification method	Frequency	Acceptance criteria	Management of non-conformance
12.8	Surface cleanliness after sweep blasting HDG steel, stainless steel and non-ferrous metal	SSPC-SP 16	100 % visual of all surfaces	In accordance with specified requirements in CSDS and equivalent surface preparation in Table 6.	Re-blasting and re-testing.
		ISO 8502-3	One test for each batch of components, at least once per 100 m <sup>2</sup> (1076 ft <sup>2</sup> ) of prepared surface with a minimum of three checks per day	Maximum quantity rating 2 and size rating 2	Re-cleaning and retesting of non-conforming area until acceptable.
12.9	Salt test of blasted surface	ISO 8502-6 and ISO 8502-9	One test for each batch of components, at least one test per 100 m <sup>2</sup> (1076 ft <sup>2</sup> ), with minimum three checks per day	As per CSDS	Wash of non-conforming area with potable water and retesting until acceptable followed by re-blasting.
12.10	Surface profile	ISO 8503-1, ISO 8503-2 with grit comparator, ISO 5803-4, or ISO 8503-5 or ASTM D4417 Method C or NACE SP0287	One test for each batch of components, at least one test per 10 m <sup>2</sup> (108 ft <sup>2</sup> )	As per CSDS	Re-blasting non-conforming area with abrasive of suitable grade to achieve desired surface profile.
<b>Coating application</b>					
12.11	Curing test (for Zn silicate)	ASTM D4752	Each batch of components, at least once per 100 m <sup>2</sup> (1076 ft <sup>2</sup> )	Level 4 to 5	Allow to cure.
12.12	Visual examination of coating	Visual examination to determine curing, contamination, solvent retention, pinholes/popping, sagging and surface defects.	100 % of surface after each coat	No defects	Repair defects.
<b>Coating test after curing</b>					
12.13	Dry film thickness (individual coat and complete system)	ISO 19840 or SSPC PA 2	ISO 19840	ISO 19840 and as per CSDS	Repair, additional coats or re-coating.

**Table 2 — Inspection and testing** *(continued)*

Activity No.	Activity description	Verification method	Frequency	Acceptance criteria	Management of non-conformance
12.14	Holiday detection (applicator contractor)	ISO 29601 or NACE SP0188 (high voltage spark test when the average DFT is 500 µm or higher).	100 % of lined surfaces, splash and tidal zone coating, buried coating or as per CSDS 100 % of welds of submerged equipment items Under insulation piping and equipment (if organic coating system is used): 100 % of coated area	No holidays	Repair and retesting.
12.15A	Adhesion or cohesion by pull-off test	ISO 16276-1 or ASTM D4541, and Annex. During CPT, tests exhibiting 20 % or more in glue failure to be repeated	As agreed on ITP. Frequency of inspection/testing may be increased as required by the coating inspector if any of the spot check does not comply with the acceptance requirement. The average value from 3 dollies represents one measurement.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TSA coating: CPT 9,0 MPa (1300 psi), production 7,0 MPa (1015 psi), minimum single. Testing of TSA without sealer.</li> <li>For systems CSDS no. 3A, CSDS no. 3C, CSDS no. 3D, CSDS no. 3E and CSDS no. 3F, maximum 30 % reduction from CPT value, minimum single 5,0 MPa (725 psi).</li> <li>Other coating systems and TSZ: maximum 50 % average reduction from CPT, 5,0 MPa (725 psi) minimum single.</li> <li>For sprayed on and hand applied PFP during application, adhesion and cohesion value according to ISO 16276-1 and ISO 16276-2 ≥ 5,0 MPa (725 psi) regardless of mesh inclusion.</li> </ul>	Coating applied since last acceptable test to be rejected. Re-blast and re-coat.
12.15B	Adhesion by cross-cut or X-cut test	ISO 16276-2 or ASTM D3359 Method B or ISO 2409	As agreed on ITP. Frequency of inspection/testing may be increased as required by the coating inspector if any of the spot check does not comply with the acceptance requirement	ISO 16276-2 Classification 0-2 ASTM D3359 Classification 3B For DFTs exceeding 250 µm, X-cut test to be performed with acceptance criteria ISO 16276-2 level 2	Coating applied since last acceptable test to be rejected. Re-blast and re-coat.

**Table 2 — Inspection and testing** *(continued)*

Activity No.	Activity description	Verification method	Frequency	Acceptance criteria	Management of non-conformance
12.16	Visual examination of metal sprayed coating	Examine all CPT test panels and production items for surface defects such as lumps, bubbles, uncoated spots, loose metal powder and ash.	100 % of surface	No defects	Repair and re-coat.
12.17	Visual examination after sealer application on metal spray coating	Examine at 10X magnification.	All CPT test panels at 10X magnification. For production testing, as agreed on ITP. Frequency of inspection/testing may be increased as required by the coating inspector if any of the spot check does not comply with the acceptance requirement	No open pores	Add sealer and re-examine until no open pores are detected.
12.18	Bend test - TSA (not required on TSZ)	ISO 2063-2:2017, Annex G or AWS C2.23/NACE 12/SSPC S 23:2016, Appendix A 13 mm (0,5 in) mandrel	Before start of each shift	AWS C2.23/NACE 12/SSPC CS-23. For TSA, minor cracks accepted but no lifting or spalling of the coating	Verify and adjust application parameters. Repeat the test to confirm acceptance.

## **13 Repair of coating**

### **13.1 General**

Add to first sentence of second paragraph

or ASTM A123/A123M

### **13.3 Removal of coating damage**

Add to first sentence of second paragraph

, except when the use of alternative cleaning methods is permitted in 7.5.1



## 15 Selection of a NORSOK system

**Table 3 — Coating selection table for structural items**

*Replace Table 3 with*

Substrate Material	Application or Item	Operating Environment	Coating System (CSDS no.)	
			Default <sup>a</sup>	Alternative <sup>b</sup>
Carbon steel	Structures and structural components (general), including frames, base plates, enclosures, permanent lifting beams and lugs	Offshore and coastal areas	1A	-
		HVAC	8	Manufacturer's standard coating
		Splash zone and tidal zone, and up to and including underside of cellar deck or other deck directly exposed above sea	7A	-
		Submerged ≤ 50 °C (122 °F)	7B	-
		Submerged > 50 °C (122 °F)	7C	-
		Buried steel structures, piles	1F	-
	Bridges, crane boom, A-frames, lifeboat stations and rescue areas	Offshore and coastal	1A	-
	Exhaust stack, flare stack and boom	Offshore and coastal	2A	-
	Escape routes and walkways, deck areas, lay down	Offshore and coastal	4A	-
	Deck, normal and light duty areas	Offshore and coastal	4A	4B
	Caisson	External surface, all zones	7A	-
	Caisson	Internal surface	7B	-
Stainless steel	Structure and structural components, outfitting	Offshore and coastal	- <sup>c</sup>	6A
		Splash zone/tidal zone and submerged	- <sup>c</sup>	7D
	Lifeboat stations / rescue areas	Offshore and coastal	- <sup>c</sup>	6A
	Caisson	External surface, all zones	- <sup>c</sup>	7E
	Caisson	Internal surface	- <sup>c</sup>	7E
Carbon steel HDG	Handrails and ladders	Offshore and coastal	- <sup>d</sup>	6B
	Frames, foundations, structures	Offshore and coastal	6B	-
Aluminium	Structures and structural components (general)	Offshore and coastal areas	- <sup>c</sup>	6D
		HVAC	N/R	-
Any material with PFP	Item requiring passive fire protection	Offshore and coastal areas	5A	-
		Splash zone and tidal zone, and up to and including underside of cellar deck or other deck directly exposed above sea	5S	-
Stainless steel with PFP	Item requiring passive fire protection	Offshore and coastal areas	5C	-

**Table 3 — Coating selection table for structural items** *(continued)*

Substrate Material	Application or Item	Operating Environment	Coating System (CSDS no.)	
			Default <sup>a</sup>	Alternative <sup>b</sup>
<b>KEY</b>  N/R not required  - not specified  <b>NOTE</b> The table is to be read in conjunction with the CSDS in Annex A which includes additional restrictions on operating conditions for each coating systems.  <sup>a</sup> The default system is the minimum requirement to meet the high durability range in ISO 12944-1. <sup>b</sup> The alternative coating system replaces the default system when specified in the data sheet. <sup>c</sup> Coating depends on material grade and project requirements. If coating is specified, the alternative coating system is the default. <sup>d</sup> Coating depends on project requirements. If coating is specified, the alternative coating system is the default.				

**Table 4 — Coating selection table for pressure vessels, equipment, piping and valves***Replace Table 4 with*

Substrate Material	Application or Item	Operating Environment	Coating System (CSDS no.)		Remarks
			Default <sup>a</sup>	Alternative <sup>b</sup>	
Carbon steel	Pressure vessels, equipment, piping and valves, pumps	Offshore and coastal areas, non-insulated $\leq 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (176 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ )	1A	-	CSDS no. 1G is also qualified as CSDS no. 1A, but not vice-versa.
		Offshore and coastal areas, non-insulated, $T \leq +120\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	1G	1H	For maximum operating temperatures above $80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , testing to be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
		Offshore and coastal areas, non-insulated $> 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (176 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) to $595\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (1100 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ )	10A	2A	CSDS no. 2A to be preferred for very high durability or when maintenance is not feasible.
		Offshore and coastal areas, non-insulated $> 400\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (752 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ )	10A	2A	CSDS no. 2A to be preferred for very high durability or when maintenance is not feasible. System to be suitable for corrosion protection during planned down time.
		Offshore and coastal areas, insulated $\leq 200\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (392 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ )	2A	1D	Coating system to be selected as for un-insulated surfaces when perforated guards or sheets are used for personnel protection. System CSDS no. 1D is an acceptable alternative when pre-qualified to the required maximum operating temperature.
		Offshore and coastal areas, insulated $200\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (392 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) to $595\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (1100 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ )	10A	2A	
		Buried piping	1F	-	For maximum operating temperatures above $80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , testing to be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
		Splash zone and tidal zone	7A	-	For maximum operating temperatures above $80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , testing to be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
		Above splash zone and up to and including underside of cellar deck or other deck directly exposed above sea	7A	2A	For 7A, for maximum operating temperatures above $80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , testing to be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
		Submerged $\leq 50\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (122 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), insulated and non-insulated	7B	7C	
		Submerged $> 50\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (122 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) up to $150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , insulated and non-insulated	7C	-	For maximum operating temperatures above $80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , testing to be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
		HVAC	8	Manufacturer's standard coating	For maximum operating temperatures above $80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , testing to be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
		Low temperature and cryogenic service	9	-	Minimum operating temperature colder than $-50\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $-58\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).

**Table 4 — Coating selection table for pressure vessels, equipment, piping and valves** *(continued)*

Substrate Material	Application or Item	Operating Environment	Coating System (CSDS no.)		Remarks
			Default <sup>a</sup>	Alternative <sup>b</sup>	
Carbon steel (continued)	Actuator, gear box	Offshore and coastal areas	1A	1B	For maximum operating temperatures above 80 °C, testing to be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
		Offshore and coastal areas, insulated T ≤ +200 °C	1D	-	
	Electric generators, motors, transformers, engines, turbines, compressors	Offshore and coastal areas	1A	2B, 1B, 1G	For maximum operating temperatures above 80 °C, testing to be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
Stainless steel	Pressure vessels, equipment, piping and valves, pumps	Offshore and coastal areas, non-insulated	- <sup>c</sup>	6A, 10B, 2C	Coating selection for stainless steels to consider the risk of corrosion and stress corrosion cracking
		Non-insulated, splash zone T ≤ +50 °C	7D	-	
		Submerged ≤ 50 °C (122 °F), insulated and non-insulated	7E	7C, 7A	
		Submerged > 50 °C (122 °F) up to 150 °C, insulated and non-insulated	7F		For maximum operating temperatures above 80 °C, testing to be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
		Insulated, Offshore and coastal areas	2C	6C	Coating system to be selected as for un-insulated surfaces when perforated guards or sheets are used for personnel protection. For system 6C and maximum operating temperatures above 80 °C, testing to be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
		Low temperature and Cryogenic service T < -50 °C	9	-	
		HVAC	N/R <sup>c</sup>	6A <sup>c</sup>	
	Actuator, gear box	Offshore and coastal areas non-insulated	N/R <sup>c</sup>	6A <sup>c</sup>	
		Atmospheric zone, insulated	6C	-	
	Instruments and instrument tubing (NPS ≤ 2 or DN ≤ 50)	Offshore and coastal areas	N/R <sup>c</sup>	6A <sup>c</sup> , 6C <sup>c</sup>	6A is the default for non-insulated items, 6C is the default for insulated items
Aluminium	Actuator and other equipment items	Offshore and coastal areas	N/R <sup>e</sup>	6D <sup>e</sup>	

**Table 4 — Coating selection table for pressure vessels, equipment, piping and valves** *(continued)*

Substrate Material	Application or Item	Operating Environment	Coating System (CSDS no.)		Remarks
			Default <sup>a</sup>	Alternative <sup>b</sup>	
Carbon steel HDG	Miscellaneous equipment items, electrical equipment	Offshore and coastal areas	- <sup>d</sup>	6B <sup>d</sup>	
Any material with PFP	Item requiring passive fire protection	Offshore and coastal areas	5A	-	
Stainless steel with PFP	Item requiring passive fire protection	Offshore and coastal areas	5C	-	
<b>KEY</b> N/R not required - not specified  <b>NOTE</b> The table is to be read in conjunction with the CSDS in Annex A which includes additional restrictions on operating conditions for each coating systems.  <sup>a</sup> The default system is the minimum requirement to meet the high durability range in ISO 12944-1. <sup>b</sup> The alternative coating system replaces the default system when specified in the data sheet. <sup>c</sup> Coating depends on material grade and project requirements. If coating is specified, the alternative coating system is the default. <sup>d</sup> Coating depends on project requirements. If coating is required, the alternative coating system is the default. <sup>e</sup> Coating depends on aluminium material grade and project requirements. If coating is required, the alternative coating system is the default.					

**Table 5 — Coating selection table for internal lining in storage tanks and pressure vessels***Replace Table 5 with*

Substrate Material	Application or Item	Operating Environment (internal)	Coating System (CSDS no.)	
			Default	Alternative <sup>a</sup>
Carbon steel	Storage tanks	Potable water	3A	-
		Ballast water, seawater, firewater, slops, oily water, open drain, closed drain, service water	3B	Lining qualified to ISO 16961
		Demineralized water, hydrocarbons, un-stabilized crude, produced water, fuel, aviation fuels, sewage	3D	Lining qualified to ISO 18796-1
		Diesel, condensate, stabilized crude	3C	Lining qualified to ISO 16961
		Methanol, ethanol, MEG, TEG	3G	Lining qualified to ISO 18796-1
	Process vessels	Hydrocarbon liquids mixed with vapour, produced water, seawater Operating pressure ≤ 0,3 MPa (44 psi) Operating temperature -20 °C (-4 °F) to 75 °C (167 °F)	3D	3E, 3F, Lining qualified to ISO 18796-1
		Hydrocarbon liquids mixed with vapour, produced water, seawater Operating pressure ≤ 7 MPa (1015 psi) Operating temperature -20 °C (-4 °F) to 80 °C (176 °F)	3E	3F, Lining qualified to ISO 18796-1
		Hydrocarbon liquids mixed with vapour, produced water, seawater Operating pressure ≤ 3 MPa (435 psi) Operating temperature -20 °C (-4 °F) to 130 °C (266 °F)	3F	Lining qualified to ISO 18796-1
NOTE 1 The table is to be read in conjunction with the CSDS in Annex A which includes additional restrictions on operating conditions for each coating systems.				
NOTE 2 External coating to be in accordance with the requirement in Table 3 and Table 4.				
<sup>a</sup> Alternative coating systems replace the default system when specified in the data sheet.				

## Annex A (normative)

### Coating systems data sheet

**Table A.1 — Coating systems data sheet overview**

Add new rows "CSDS no. 1G" and "CSDS no. 1H" after row "CSDS no. 1F"

CSDS	Substrate	Service/exposure conditions	Comments
CSDS no. 1G	Carbon steel	Offshore and coastal environment, non-insulated, -50 °C to +120 °C	
CSDS no. 1H	Carbon steel	Offshore and coastal environment, non-insulated, -50 °C to +120 °C	When agreed with end user

In row "CSDS no. 9", column "Substrate", add to "Stainless steel"

and carbon steel

#### CSDS no. 1A

In row "Operating temperature range", after "+80 °C", add "Note 6" reference

In section "Generic description of coating system", delete row "Coat number 2:"

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 4: (Topcoat)", replace "UV resistant topcoat" with

Polyurethane or polysiloxane <sup>Note 7</sup>

In row "Pre-qualification tests", replace "11.1" with

11.1A

Delete NOTE 5 from NOTES section

Add new NOTE 6 to NOTES section

NOTE 6 For continuous operating temperature below -35 °C, additional testing at low temperature is required.

Add new NOTE 7 to NOTES section

NOTE 7 HSSE restrictions may apply in some countries on the use of polyurethane due to the presence of free isocyanate.

#### CSDS no. 1B

In row "Operating temperature range", after "+80 °C", add "Note 5" reference

In row "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 1: (Primer)", column "Generic type", after "Note 3" reference, delete "and [Note] 4" reference

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 3: (Topcoat)", column "Generic type", replace "UV resistant topcoat" with

Polyurethane or polysiloxane <sup>Note 6</sup>

In row "Pre-qualification tests", replace "11.1" with

11.1A

Delete NOTE 4 from NOTES section

Add new NOTE 5 to NOTES section

NOTE 5 For continuous operating temperature below -35 °C, additional testing at low temperature is required.

Add new NOTE 6 to NOTES section

NOTE 6 HSSE restrictions may apply in some countries on the use of polyurethane due to the presence of free isocyanate.

#### **CSDS no. 1D**

In section "Generic description of coating system", replace column header "DTF" with

MDTF

#### **CSDS no. 1F**

In row "Surface roughness", add after "and / or"

NS-EN ISO 8503-5

In section "Generic description of coating system", replace column header "DTF" with

MDTF

In section "Generic description of coating system", column "Generic type", rows "Coat number 1: (Primer) " and "Coat number 2: (Topcoat) ", replace "Epoxy or polyester" with

Glass flake epoxy

In row "Pre-qualification tests", replace "11.7" with

11.17

In NOTE 1, replace "may" with

shall

In NOTES section, delete "to increase chemical resistance and to avoid chalking" from NOTE 1



Add new CSDS no. 1G**CSDS no. 1G**

Coating System Data Sheet		CSDS no. 1G <sup>Note 1</sup>	Rev. 02
Substrate material: Carbon steel		Corrosivity category: CX, ref. NS-EN ISO 12944-2	
Items to be coated: Structures, structural components, frames, base plates, enclosures, permanent lifting beams and lugs, bridges, crane boom, A-frames, lifeboat stations and rescue areas, equipment items, piping and valves			
Service: Offshore and coastal environment, non-insulated			
Operating temperature range: -50 °C to +120 °C <sup>Note 6</sup>			
Surface preparation requirements			
Pre-blasting preparation: P3, ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-3 <sup>Note 2</sup> , Surface cleaning to meet: "clean", ref. ASTM F22 Water break test			
Surface cleanliness: Sa 2 ½ , ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-1 Dust level max quantity and rating 2, ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-3			
Surface roughness: 35 µm to 50 µm ref. NS-EN ISO 8503-1, NS-EN ISO 8503-2 with grit comparator only, NS-EN ISO 8503-4 and / or NS-EN ISO 8503-5			
Max. level of water-soluble salts : 20 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-6 / NS-EN ISO 8502-9			
Generic description of the coating system			
Coat number	Generic type	MDFT <sup>Note 3</sup>	MAX DFT
1: (Primer)	Zinc silicate <sup>Note 4</sup>	60 µm	The maximum DFT for each coat shall be within the limits given in the relevant CADS
3:	Epoxy <sup>Note 5</sup>	DFTs shall be as per the qualified system	
4: (Topcoat)	Polysiloxane topcoat <sup>Note 5</sup>		
Total MDFT		300 µm	
Pre-qualifications, procedure qualifications and inspection requirements			
Pre-qualification tests: Table 1, activity: 11.1A <sup>Note 6</sup>			
Inspections during CPT and production: Table 2, activities: 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4, 12.5, 12.6, 12.7, 12.9, 12.10, 12.11, 12.12, 12.13 and 12.15A			
Adhesion: Max. 50 % reduction of value from the CPT during production, but any measurement shall be min. 5 MPa ref. Table 2, notes 7 and 8. See details in Annex J.			
Repair requirements of damage on newly applied coating			
Damage exposing steel surface: Same requirements apply as for the original system.			
Damage not exposing the steel surface: Clean and feather as stated in Clause 13 and re-apply the missing coating layers as per the qualified system.			
NOTE 1	It is experienced that a coating damage in field develops slower for systems with zinc silicate primers compared to other generic primers. Hence, increased durability (very high, ref. NS-EN ISO 12944-1) can be achieved.		
NOTE 2	For castings steel preparations grade P2 is permitted.		
NOTE 3	If the actual surface roughness exceeds 50 µm, a corresponding DFT increase is required as per the correction value of NS-ISO 19840.		
NOTE 4	Zinc silicate primer shall contain minimum 85 % zinc dust by mass in the dry film. Zinc dust pigment shall comply with NS-EN ISO 3549.		
NOTE 5	Qualification testing at +120 °C.		
NOTE 6	For continuous operating temperature below -35 °C, additional testing at low temperature is required.		

Add new CSDS no. 1H**CSDS no. 1H**

Coating System Data Sheet		CSDS no. 1H <sup>Note 1</sup>	Rev. 01
Substrate material: Carbon steel		Corrosivity category: CX, ref. NS-EN ISO 12944-2	
Items to be coated: Structures, structural components, frames, base plates, enclosures, permanent lifting beams and lugs, bridges, crane boom, A-frames, lifeboat stations and rescue areas, equipment items, piping and valves			
Service: Offshore and coastal environment, non-insulated			
Operating temperature range: -50 °C to +120 °C <sup>Note 6</sup>			
Surface preparation requirements			
Pre-blasting preparation: P3, ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-3 <sup>Note 2</sup> , Surface cleaning to meet: "clean", ref. ASTM F22 Water break test			
Surface cleanliness: Sa 2 ½ , ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-1 Dust level max quantity and rating 2, ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-3			
Surface roughness: 35 µm to 50 µm ref. NS-EN ISO 8503-1, NS-EN ISO 8503-2 with grit comparator only, NS-EN ISO 8503-4 and / or NS-EN ISO 8503-5			
Max. level of water-soluble salts : 20 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-6 / NS-EN ISO 8502-9			
Generic description of the coating system			
Coat number	Generic type	MDFT <sup>Note 3</sup>	MAX DFT
1: (Primer)	Zinc rich epoxy <sup>Note 4</sup>	60 µm	The maximum DFT for each coat shall be within the limits given in the relevant CADS
3:	Epoxy <sup>Note 5</sup>	DFTs shall be as per the qualified system	
4: (Topcoat)	Polysiloxane topcoat <sup>Note 5</sup>		
Total MDFT		300 µm	
Pre-qualifications, procedure qualifications and inspection requirements			
Pre-qualification tests: Table 1, activity: 11.1A <sup>Note 6</sup>			
Inspections during CPT and production: Table 2, activities: 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4, 12.5, 12.6, 12.7, 12.9, 12.10, 12.12, 12.13 and 12.15A			
Adhesion: Max. 50% reduction of value from the CPT during production, but any measurement shall be min. 5 MPa ref. Table 2, notes 7 and 8. See details in Annex J.			
Repair requirements of damage on newly applied coating			
Damage exposing steel surface: Same requirements apply as for the original system.			
Damage not exposing the steel surface: Clean and feather as stated in Clause 13 and re-apply the missing coating layers as per the qualified system.			
NOTE 1	It is experienced that a coating damage in field develops slower for systems with zinc silicate primers compared to other generic primers. Hence, increased durability (very high, ref. ISO 12944-1) can be achieved.		
NOTE 2	For castings steel preparations, grade P2 is permitted.		
NOTE 3	If the actual surface roughness exceeds 50 µm, a corresponding DFT increase is required as per the correction value of NS-ISO 19840		
NOTE 4	Zinc rich primer shall contain minimum 85 % zinc dust by mass in the dry film. Zinc dust pigment shall comply with NS-EN ISO 3549.		
NOTE 5	Qualification testing at +120 °C.		
NOTE 6	For continuous operating temperature below -35 °C, additional testing at low temperature is required.		

**CSDS no. 2A**

In row "Surface cleanliness", add after "NS-EN ISO 8501-1"

or SSPC-SP 10

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 1: (TSA coat)", column "MDTF", replace "200 µm" with

250 µm

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Total MDFT", column "MDTF", replace "200 µm" with

250 µm <sup>Note 8</sup>

In NOTE 6, replace "if the minimum DFT is in accordance with NS-EN ISO 2063-1, Table C.1 and CP is provided" with

and insulated service

Add new NOTE 8 to NOTES section

NOTE 8 No individual reading below 250 µm is acceptable.

**CSDS no. 2B**

In row "Operating temperature range", after "+80 °C", add "Note 7" reference

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 4: (Topcoat)", column "Generic type", replace "UV resistant topcoat" with

Polyurethane or polysiloxane <sup>Note 8</sup>

Add new NOTE 7 to NOTES section

NOTE 7 For continuous operating temperature below -35 °C, additional testing at low temperature is required for topcoat and sealer coat.

Add new NOTE 8 to NOTES section

NOTE 8 HSSE restrictions may apply in some countries on the use of polyurethane due to the presence of free isocyanate.

**CSDS no. 2C**

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 1: (TSA coat)", column "MDTF", replace "200 µm" with

250 µm

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Total MDFT", column "MDTF", replace "200 µm" with

250 µm <sup>Note 9</sup>

Delete "metallic and chloride free" from NOTE 3

In NOTE 7, replace "if the minimum MDFT is in accordance with NS-EN ISO 2063-1, Table C.1 and CP is provided" with

and insulated service

Add new NOTE 9 to NOTES section

NOTE 9 No individual reading below 250 µm is acceptable. Measurements may be carried out on a carbon steel test plate.

#### **CSDS no. 3B**

In row "Pre-qualification tests", after "11.10 ", add "Note 3" reference

Add new NOTE 3 to NOTES section

NOTE 3 Alternative coating pre-qualified according to Table 1 activity 11.20 (ISO 16961) may be used.

#### **CSDS no. 3C**

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Total MDFT", column "MDTF", add after "300 µm"

or as qualified by the coating manufacturer

In row "Pre-qualification tests", after "11.11", add "Note 4" reference

Add new NOTE 4 to NOTES section

NOTE 4 Alternative coating pre-qualified according to Table 1 activity 11.20 (ISO 16961) may be used.

#### **CSDS no. 3D**

In row "Surface cleanliness", replace "2½" with

3

In section "Generic description of coating system", header row, after "Generic type", delete "Note 3" reference

In row "Pre-qualification tests", after "Note 5" reference, delete "and [Note] 6" reference

Delete NOTE 3 from NOTES section

In NOTES section, replace NOTE 5 with

NOTE 5 Alternative coating pre-qualified according to Table 1 activity 11.19 (ISO 18796-1) may be used.

Delete NOTE 6 from NOTES section

#### **CSDS no. 3E**

In row "Surface cleanliness", replace "2½" with

3

In section "Generic description of coating system", header row, after "Generic type", delete "Note 2" reference

In row "Pre-qualification tests", after "Note 4" reference, delete "and [Note] 5" reference

Delete NOTE 2 from NOTES section

In NOTES section, replace NOTE 4 with

NOTE 4 Alternative coating pre-qualified according to Table 1 activity 11.19 (ISO 18796-1) may be used.

Delete NOTE 5 from NOTES section

#### **CSDS no. 3F**

In row "Surface cleanliness", replace "2½" with

3

In section "Generic description of coating system", header row, after "Generic type", delete "Note 2" reference

In section "Generic description of coating system", rows "Coat number 1: (Primer)" and "Coat number 2: (Topcoat)", after "ester", add "Note 6" reference

In row "Pre-qualification tests", after "Note 4" reference, delete "and [Note] 5" reference

Delete NOTE 2 from NOTES section

In NOTES section, replace NOTE 4 with

NOTE 4 Alternative coating pre-qualified according to Table 1 activity 11.19 (ISO 18796-1) may be used with cathodic disbondment test done at 95 °C for temperature exceeding 95 °C.

Delete NOTE 5 from NOTES section

Add new NOTE 6 to NOTES section

NOTE 6 Vinyl ester coating shall not be used at temperature exceeding 90 °C.

#### **CSDS no. 3G**

In row "Surface cleanliness", replace "2½" with

3

In row "Surface roughness", replace "50 µm to 85 µm" with

40 µm to 50 µm

In row "Pre-qualification tests", after "Note 3" reference, add ", Note 4" reference

Add new NOTE 4 to NOTES section

NOTE 4 Alternative coating pre-qualified according to Table 1 activity 11.19 (ISO 18796-1) may be used.

#### **CSDS no. 4A**

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number, As the pre-qualification", replace "Non-skid epoxy" with

Solvent-free high-build epoxy non-skid

In row "Pre-qualification tests", replace "11.1" with

11.1A

In NOTES section, delete second and third sentences from NOTE 1

In NOTES section, add to NOTE 3

on helideck

#### **CSDS no. 4B**

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number, As the pre-qualification", replace "Non-skid epoxy" with

Solvent-free high-build epoxy non-skid

In row "Pre-qualification tests", replace "11.1" with

11.1A

In NOTES section, delete second and third sentences from NOTE 1

#### **CSDS no. 5A**

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 5: (Topcoat)", replace "UV resistant topcoat" with

Polyurethane or polysiloxane

In row "Pre-qualification tests", replace "11.1" with

11.1B

#### **CSDS no. 5C**

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 4: (Topcoat)", replace "UV resistant topcoat" with

Polyurethane or polysiloxane

In row "Pre-qualification tests", add before "As stated in 10.2 for 5A and 5S."

Table 1, activities: 11.1B and 11.3.

#### **CSDS no. 5S**

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 4: (Topcoat)", replace "UV resistant topcoat" with

Polyurethane or polysiloxane

In row "Pre-qualification tests", replace "11.1" with

11.1B

In row "Pre-qualification tests", replace "11.2" with

11.3

#### **CSDS no. 6A**

In section "Generic description of coating system", header row, replace "NDTF" with

MDTF

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 3: (Topcoat)", replace "UV resistant topcoat" with

Polyurethane or polysiloxane

In NOTES section, NOTE 2, replace "non-metallic and chloride free" with

non-ferrous

#### **CSDS no. 6B**

In row "Surface roughness", before "19 µm", delete "min."

In row "Surface roughness", after "19 µm", add "Note 4" reference

In section "Generic description of coating system", header row, replace "NDTF" with

MDTF

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 3: (Topcoat)", replace "UV resistant topcoat" with

Polyurethane or polysiloxane

Add new NOTE 4 to NOTES section

NOTE 4 The thickness of the galvanized coating remaining after blasting shall comply with 5.11.

#### **CSDS no. 6C**

In section "Generic description of coating system", header row, replace "NDTF" with

MDTF

In NOTES section, NOTE, 3 replace "non-metallic and chloride free" with

non-ferrous

#### **CSDS no. 6D**

In section "Generic description of coating system", header row, replace "NDTF" with

MDTF

In section "Generic description of coating system", row "Coat number 3: (Topcoat)", replace "UV resistant topcoat" with

Polyurethane or polysiloxane

### CSDS no. 7D

In section "Generic description of coating system", header row, replace "DTF" with

MDTF

In row "Pre-qualification test", replace "NA, ref. Table 1 note 7" with

Table 1, activities 11. 1, 11.4, 11. 5 and 11.17 <sup>Note 7</sup>

Add new NOTE 7 to NOTES section

NOTE 7 Qualification of system CSDS no. 7 on carbon steel substrate also qualifies stainless steel substrate.

### CSDS no. 7E

In row "Pre-qualification test", replace "NA, ref. Table 1 note 7" with

Table 1, activity 11.4 <sup>Note 6</sup>

Add new NOTE 6 to NOTES section

NOTE 6 Qualification of system CSDS no. 7 on carbon steel substrate also qualifies stainless steel substrate.

### CSDS no. 7F

In row "Pre-qualification test", replace "NA, ref. Table 1 note 7" with

Table 1, activities 11.4 and 11.5 <sup>Note 6</sup>

Add new NOTE 6 to NOTES section

NOTE 6 Qualification of system CSDS no. 7 on carbon steel substrate also qualifies stainless steel substrate.

### CSDS no. 9

In row "Substrate material", add after "metals"

, Low temperature steel

In row "Surface cleanliness", add before "Sweep"

Stainless steel and non-ferrous:

In row "Surface cleanliness", add new paragraph

Low temperature steel: Sa 2 ½, ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-1 Dust level max quantity and rating 2, ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-3 or SSPC-SP 10

In row "Surface roughness", add before "25 µm"

Stainless steel and non-ferrous:

In row "Surface roughness", add new paragraph

Low temperature steel: 50 µm to 85 µm ref. NS-EN ISO 8503-1. NS-EN ISO 8503-2 with grit comparator only, NS-EN ISO 8503-4 and / or NS-EN ISO 8503-5



## **Annex C** (informative)

### **High temperature cathodic disbonding testing**

#### **C.1 Test procedures**

Add new NOTE after first sentence of first paragraph

NOTE Alternative testing to ASTM G42 may be used.

## **Annex H** **(normative)**

### **Fire Testing for Passive Fire Protection (PFP) Methodology**

#### **H.1 Background**

*In first sentence of second paragraph, add after "shall be undertaken"*

in accordance with NS-EN 1363-2, BS 476-20:1987 appendix D or UL 1709

## **Annex J** **(normative)**

### **Adhesion/cohesion test**

#### **J.1 General requirements**

In list subclause 1) of ninth list subclause of second paragraph, replace “Minimum acceptable value is 15 MPa (Note 8, Table 2)” with

refer to Note 8, Table 2

Replace second list subclause of fourth paragraph

If a single adhesion measurement is below the minimum value, the test may be repeated only once.

Add new Annex M

## **Annex M** **(normative)**

### **Coatings for corrosivity categories C2, C3, C4 and C5**

#### **M.1 Scope**

This annex defines the requirements for high durability coatings exposed to environments with corrosivity categories C2 to C5 as defined in ISO 12944-2.

The scope and exclusions defined in Clause 1 apply also to this annex.

#### **M.2 General requirements**

##### **M.2.1 Coating for corrosivity categories C4 and C5**

Coating systems qualified for corrosivity categories CX in accordance with this specification shall be used in environments with corrosivity categories C4 (high corrosivity) and C5 (very high corrosivity).

**NOTE** Coating systems qualified for corrosivity category CX in accordance with this specification may be used in environments with corrosivity categories C2 to CX, within the limitations stated in the CSDS.

##### **M.2.2 Coatings for corrosivity categories C2 and C3**

###### **M.2.2.1**

For corrosivity categories C2 and C3, the general requirements defined in 5.2 through to 5.17 shall apply with the concessions defined in M.2.2.2 to M.2.2.4.

###### **M.2.2.2**

The coating systems defined in M.14 shall be used as the default systems in environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3.

###### **M.2.2.3**

Shop primer or weld-through primer are permitted to remain and form part of the final coating system in environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3, provided that the conditions in M.2.2.4 through M.2.2.7 are fulfilled.

###### **M.2.2.4**

The shop primer or weld through primer shall be qualified as part of the full coating system.

###### **M.2.2.5**

Weld-through primers shall have no detrimental effects on the welds.

###### **M.2.2.6**

The application of successive coating on the remaining shop primer or weld through primer shall be in accordance with Clause 8.

**M.2.2.7**

The shop or weld through primer shall be removed and re-blasted prior to application of the full coating system if the following occurs:

- the shop or weld through primer does not comply with the requirements in M.2.2.3 to M.2.2.6;
- the primer is visibly degraded; or
- rust appears.

**M.2.2.8**

Pre-qualification of the coating systems defined in M.15 shall be in accordance with M.8.

**M.2.3 Stainless steel coatings and hot-dip galvanising (HDG) for corrosivity categories C2 and C3****M.2.3.1**

Additional coating shall not be required for corrosion protection of HDG steel in environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3.

**M.2.3.2**

Coating shall not be required for corrosion protection of uninsulated stainless steel exposed to environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3.

**M.2.4 Coatings under insulation for environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3**

Coating system 2A shall not be mandatory under insulation for environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3.

**M.3 Health, safety and environment (HSE)**

HSE requirements for materials and coating application work shall comply with Clause 6 for all environmental corrosivity categories.

**M.4 Surface preparation**

Surface preparation shall comply with Clause 7 for all environmental corrosivity categories.

**M.5 Coating application**

Coating applications shall be in accordance with Clause 8 for all environmental corrosivity categories.

**M.6 Thermally sprayed metallic coatings**

If thermal spray coating is required for environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3, materials and application of TSA and TSZ shall be in accordance with Clause 9.

**M.7 Passive fire protection (PFP) coatings**

PFP coating systems qualified in accordance with Clause 10 may be used in environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3.

## **M.8 Pre-qualification of coating systems**

### **M.8.1**

Pre-qualification testing of coating systems for corrosivity categories C4 and C5 shall be in accordance with Table 1.

### **M.8.2**

Pre-qualification testing for corrosivity categories C2 and C3 shall be in accordance with ISO 12944-6 corrosivity category C3 or higher and with durability very high, with the supplementary requirements in M.8.3 through M.8.7.

### **M.8.3**

Three pull-off dollies shall be tested on each test panel.

### **M.8.4**

Scored samples shall be used for pull-off testing.

### **M.8.5**

Individual pull-off strength values measured in accordance with ISO 4624 or ASTM D4541 shall be 5 MPa or higher on all test panels.

### **M.8.6**

The average pull-off strength measured in accordance with ISO 4624 or ASTM D4541 after ageing shall be greater than or equal to 50 % of the average pull-off value measured before ageing.

### **M.8.7**

If cross-cut testing is applied in accordance with ISO 16276-2, ASTM D3359 Method B or ISO 2409 to multipolymeric matrix or silicone coatings, the acceptance criteria shall be ISO 16276-2 classification 0-2 or ASTM D3359 classification 3B.

## **M.9 Qualification of companies and personnel**

### **M.9.1**

Applicator contractors, coating operators, supervisors and quality control personnel shall be qualified in accordance with 11.2.

### **M.9.2**

For environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3, inspectors certified Level I in accordance with FROSIO, NACE, SSPC or ICorr shall carry out the inspection work under the supervision of an inspector level II.

## **M.10 Qualification of procedures**

Qualification of procedures shall be in accordance with 11.3, with pull-off testing amended in accordance with M.11 for coating in environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3.

## **M.11 Inspection and testing**

### **M.11.1**

Inspection and testing shall be carried out in accordance with Table 2 with the concession in M.11 for coating in environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3.

### **M.11.2**

For coating in environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3, three pull-off dollies shall be tested on each test panel, except for PFP, TSA and TSZ coatings.

### **M.11.3**

Scored samples shall be used for pull-off testing.

### **M.11.4**

Individual pull-off strength values measured in accordance with ISO 4624 or ASTM D4541 shall be 5 MPa or higher for coating in environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3.

### **M.11.5**

During production, the minimum pull-off strength for coating in environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3 shall be 5MPa or  $\geq 50\%$  of the average pull-off value obtained during CPT.

### **M.11.6**

If cross-cut testing is applied in accordance with ISO 16276-2, ASTM D3359 Method B or ISO 2409 to multipolymeric matrix or silicone coatings for environments with corrosivity categories C2 and C3, the acceptance criteria shall be ISO 16276-2 classification 0-2 or ASTM D3359 classification 3B.

## **M.12 Coating repair**

Repair of damaged coating shall be performed in accordance with Clause 13.

## **M.13 Quality management and performance assurance**

Coating manufacturers and applicator contractors shall have a quality management system in accordance with Clause 14.

## **M.14 Coating systems for corrosivity categories C2, C3, C4 and C5**

### **M.14.1**

The coating systems defined in Annex A for corrosivity category CX shall be accepted in environments with corrosivity category C5 and lower.

### **M.14.2**

The default coating systems for generic applications in environments with corrosivity categories C2, C3, C4 and C5 shall be in accordance with Table M.1 and Table M.2.

Add new Table M.1**Table M.1 — Coating selection table for structural items in environments with corrosivity categories C2 to C5**

Substrate material	Item to be coated	Environmental corrosivity to ISO 12944-2 <sup>a</sup>		
		C2	C3	C4, C5
Carbon steel	Structures and structural components including frames, base plates, enclosures, permanent lifting beams and lugs	CSDS no. 11A	CSDS no. 1B	CSDS no. 1A
	Exhaust stack, flare stack	CSDS no. 1B (T ≤ +80 °C), CSDS no. 12 (T > +80 °C)	CSDS no. 1B (T ≤ +80 °C), CSDS no. 12 (T > +80 °C)	CSDS no. 1A (T ≤ +80 °C), CSDS no. 2A
	Escape routes, walkways	CSDS no. 4B	CSDS no. 4B	CSDS no. 4A <sup>b</sup>
Stainless steel	Structures and structural components and outfitting	N/R	N/R	<sup>c</sup>
HDG carbon steel	Handrails and ladders	N/R <sup>d</sup>	N/R <sup>d</sup>	<sup>d</sup>
	Foundations, frames and structures	N/R	N/R	CSDS no. 6B
Aluminium	Structures and structural components	N/R <sup>e</sup>	N/R <sup>e</sup>	<sup>f</sup>
Carbon steel under PFP	Any item requiring passive fire protection	<sup>g</sup>	<sup>g</sup>	CSDS no. 5A
Stainless steel under PFP	Any item requiring passive fire protection	<sup>g</sup>	<sup>g</sup>	CSDS no. 5C
<b>KEY</b> N/R not required  NOTE Refer to the CSDSs in M.15 and Annex A for additional restrictions on the coating systems.  <sup>a</sup> The CSDSs listed under each environmental corrosivity represent the minimum requirement to meet the high durability range as defined in ISO 12944-1. Where multiple systems are listed for an item under specific exposure conditions, the first listed system is the default one. <sup>b</sup> System CSDS no. 4B can be used for light duty areas. <sup>c</sup> Coating requirements depends on the stainless steel material grade. When coating is required, system CSDS no. 6A is the default. <sup>d</sup> When coating is required, system CSDS no. 6B is the default. <sup>e</sup> Coating requirements depends on aluminium grade. When coating is required, system CSDS no. 6F is the default. <sup>f</sup> Coating requirements depends on aluminium grade. When coating is required, system CSDS no. 6D is the default. <sup>g</sup> Coating under PFP to follow the PFP manufacturer's recommendations.				



Add new Table M.2**Table M.2 — Coating selection table for pressure vessels, equipment, piping and valves in environments with corrosivity categories C2 to C5**

Substrate material	Item to be coated	Exposure conditions	Environmental corrosivity to ISO 12944-2 <sup>a</sup>		
			C2	C3	C4, C5
Carbon steel	Pressure vessels, equipment, piping and valves, pumps	Non-insulated, $T \leq +80\text{ °C}$	CSDS no. 11A	CSDS no. 1A, CSDS no. 1B	CSDS no. 1A
		Non-insulated, $T \leq +120\text{ °C}$	CSDS no. 11B <sup>b</sup>	CSDS no. 1H <sup>b</sup>	CSDS no. 1G <sup>b, c</sup>
		Non-insulated, $+120\text{ °C} < T < +400\text{ °C}$	CSDS no. 12	CSDS no. 12	CSDS no. 10A, CSDS no. 2A <sup>d</sup>
		Non-insulated, $T > +400\text{ °C}$	CSDS no. 10A	CSDS no. 10A	CSDS no. 10A, CSDS no. 2A <sup>d</sup>
		Insulated <sup>e</sup> , $T \leq +200\text{ °C}$	CSDS no. 1D <sup>f</sup>	CSDS no. 1D <sup>f</sup>	CSDS no. 2A, CSDS no. 1D <sup>f</sup>
		Insulated, $+200\text{ °C} < T < +595\text{ °C}$	CSDS no. 10A	CSDS no. 10A	CSDS no. 2A, CSDS no. 10A
		Low temperature and cryogenic service $T < -50\text{ °C}$	CSDS no. 9	CSDS no. 9	CSDS no. 9
	Actuator, gear box	Non-insulated	CSDS no. 11A ( $T \leq +80\text{ °C}$ ), CSDS no. 11B ( $T > +80\text{ °C}$ )	CSDS no. 1A, CSDS no. 1B	CSDS no. 1A <sup>b</sup> , CSDS no. 1B <sup>b</sup>
		Insulated $T \leq +200\text{ °C}$	CSDS no. 1D <sup>f</sup>	CSDS no. 1D <sup>f</sup>	CSDS no. 1D <sup>f</sup>
	Generators, motors, engines, turbines, transformers, compressors	-	CSDS no. 11A ( $T \leq +80\text{ °C}$ ), CSDS no. 11B ( $T > +80\text{ °C}$ )	CSDS no. 1B, CSDS no. 1A	CSDS no. 1A <sup>b</sup> , CSDS no. 2B <sup>b</sup> , CSDS no. 1B <sup>b</sup> , CSDS no. 1G <sup>b</sup>
Stainless steel	Pressure vessels, equipment, piping and valves, pumps	Non-insulated <sup>g</sup>	N/R <sup>g</sup>	N/R <sup>g</sup>	CSDS no. 6A, CSDS no. 10B, CSDS no. 2C <sup>d</sup>
		Insulated <sup>e</sup>	CSDS no. 6C <sup>h</sup>	CSDS no. 6C <sup>h</sup>	CSDS no. 6C, CSDS no. 2C
		Low temperature and cryogenic service, $T < -50\text{ °C}$	CSDS no. 9	CSDS no. 9	CSDS no. 9
	Actuator, gear box	Non-insulated	N/R	N/R	N/R
		Insulated <sup>c</sup>	N/R <sup>h</sup>	N/R <sup>h</sup>	CSDS no. 6C
HDG carbon steel	Misc. equipment	-	N/R <sup>i</sup>	N/R <sup>i</sup>	i
Aluminium	Misc. equipment	-	N/R <sup>j</sup>	N/R <sup>j</sup>	k
Carbon steel under PFP	Any item requiring passive fire protection	-	l	l	CSDS no. 5A

**Table M.2 — Coating selection table for pressure vessels, equipment, piping and valves in environments with corrosivity categories C2 to C5 (continued)**

Substrate material	Item to be coated	Exposure conditions	Environmental corrosivity to ISO 12944-2 <sup>a</sup>		
			C2	C3	C4, C5
Stainless steel under PFP	Any item requiring passive fire protection	-	I	I	CSDS no. 5C
Stainless steel	Instruments and instrument tubing (NPS ≤ 2 or DN ≤ 50)	Insulated and non-insulated	N/R <sup>h</sup>	N/R <sup>h</sup>	N/R <sup>h</sup>

**KEY**

N/R not required

NOTE Refer to the CSDSs in M.15 and Annex A for additional restrictions on the coating systems.

- <sup>a</sup> The CSDSs listed under each environmental corrosivity represent the minimum requirement to meet the high durability range as defined in ISO 12944-1. Where multiple systems are listed for an item under specific exposure conditions, the first listed system is the default one.
- <sup>b</sup> For maximum operating temperatures above +80 °C, testing shall be agreed with the coating manufacturer.
- <sup>c</sup> CSDS no. 1G is also qualified as CSDS no. 1A, but not vice versa.
- <sup>d</sup> CSDS no. 2A or CSDS no. 2C shall be preferred for very high durability (ISO 12944-2) or when maintenance is not feasible.
- <sup>e</sup> The coating system can be selected as for un-insulated surfaces when perforated guards or sheets are used for personnel protection.
- <sup>f</sup> System CSDS no. 1D is acceptable when pre-qualified to the required maximum operating temperature.
- <sup>g</sup> Coating requirements depend on the stainless steel material grade and risk of corrosion (refer to ISO 21457). When coating is required, system CSDS no. 6A is the default.
- <sup>h</sup> Coating requirements depend on the stainless steel material grade and risk of corrosion (refer to ISO 21457). When coating is required, system CSDS no. 6A is the default for non-insulated items and CSDS no. 6C is the default for insulated items.
- <sup>i</sup> When coating is required, system CSDS no. 6B is the default.
- <sup>j</sup> Coating requirements depend on aluminium grade. When coating is required, system CSDS no. 6F is the default.
- <sup>k</sup> Coating requirements depend on aluminium grade. When coating is required, system CSDS no. 6D is the default.
- <sup>l</sup> Coating under PFP shall follow the PFP manufacturer's recommendations.

## M.15 Additional coating system datasheet for C2 and C3 atmospheric corrosivity

Add new CSDS no. 11A

### CSDS no. 11A

Coating System Data Sheet		CSDS no. 11A	Rev. 01
Substrate material: Carbon steel		Corrosivity category: C2, ref. ISO 12944-2	
Items to be coated: Structures, structural components, frames, base plates, enclosures, permanent lifting beams and lugs, A-frames, equipment items, piping and valves			
Service: Environment with low corrosivity C2 or lower, non-insulated			
Operating temperature range: −50 °C to +80 °C			
Surface preparation requirements			
Pre-blasting preparation: P3, ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-3 <sup>Note 1</sup> , Surface cleaning to meet: "clean", ref. ASTM F22 Water break test			
Surface cleanliness: Sa 2 ½ , ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-1 Dust level max quantity and rating 2, ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-3, SSPC-SP 10			
Surface roughness: 50 µm to 85 µm ref. NS-EN ISO 8503-1, NS-EN ISO 8503-2 with grit comparator only, NS-EN ISO 8503-4 and/or NS-EN ISO 8503-5			
Max. level of water-soluble salts: 20 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-6/NS-EN ISO 8502-9			
Generic description of the coating system			
Coat number	Generic type	MDFT <sup>Note 2</sup>	MAX DFT  The maximum DFT for each coat shall be within the limits given in the relevant CADS
1: (Primer)	Epoxy	100 µm	
2: (Topcoat)	Polyurethane or Poly-siloxane	80 µm	
Total MDFT		180 µm	
Pre-qualifications, procedure qualifications and inspection requirements			
Pre-qualification tests: M.8			
Inspections during CPT and production: Table 2, activities: 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4, 12.5, 12.6, 12.7, 12.9, 12.10, 12.12, 12.13 and 12.15B			
Adhesion: Max. 50 % reduction of value from the CPT during production, but any measurement shall be min. 5 MPa.			
Repair requirements of damage on newly applied coating			
Damage exposing steel surface: Same requirements apply as for the original system.			
Damage not exposing the steel surface: Clean and feather as stated in Clause 13 and re-apply the missing coating layers as per the qualified system.			
NOTE 1 For castings steel preparations, grade P2 is permitted.			
NOTE 2 Qualification testing at 120 °C.			

Add new CSDS no. 11B**CSDS no. 11B**

Coating System Data Sheet		CSDS no. 11B	Rev. 01
Substrate material: Carbon steel		Corrosivity category: C2, ref. ISO 12944-2	
Items to be coated: Structures, structural components, frames, base plates, enclosures, permanent lifting beams and lugs, A-frames, equipment items, piping and valves			
Service: Environment with low corrosivity C2 or lower, non-insulated			
Operating temperature range: −50 °C <sup>Note 3</sup> to +120 °C			
Surface preparation requirements			
Pre-blasting preparation: P3, ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-3 <sup>Note 1</sup> , Surface cleaning to meet: "clean", ref. ASTM F22 Water break test			
Surface cleanliness: Sa 2 ½ , ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-1 Dust level max quantity and rating 2, ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-3, SSPC-SP 10			
Surface roughness: 50 µm to 85 µm ref. NS-EN ISO 8503-1, NS-EN ISO 8503-2 with grit comparator only, NS-EN ISO 8503-4 and/or NS-EN ISO 8503-5			
Max. level of water-soluble salts: 20 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-6/NS-EN ISO 8502-9			
Generic description of the coating system			
Coat number	Generic type	MDFT <sup>Note 2</sup>	MAX DFT
1: (Primer)	Epoxy <sup>Note 2</sup>	100 µm	The maximum DFT for each coat shall be within the limits given in the relevant CADS
2: (Topcoat)	Polyurethane or Poly-siloxane <sup>Note 2</sup>	80 µm	
Total MDFT		180 µm	
Pre-qualifications, procedure qualifications and inspection requirements			
Pre-qualification tests: M.8			
Inspections during CPT and production: Table 2, activities: 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4, 12.5, 12.6, 12.7, 12.9, 12.10, 12.12, 12.13 and 12.15B			
Adhesion: Max. 50 % reduction of value from the CPT during production, but any measurement shall be min. 5 MPa.			
Repair requirements of damage on newly applied coating			
Damage exposing steel surface: Same requirements apply as for the original system.			
Damage not exposing the steel surface: Clean and feather as stated in Clause 13 and re-apply the missing coating layers as per the qualified system.			
NOTE 1 For castings steel preparations grade P2 is permitted.			
NOTE 2 Qualification testing at 120 °C.			
NOTE 3 For continuous operating temperature below -35 °C, additional testing at low temperature is required.			

Add new CSDS no. 12**CSDS no. 12**

Coating System Data Sheet		CSDS no. 12	Rev. 01
Substrate material: Carbon steel		Corrosivity category: C3, ref. ISO 12944-2	
Items to be coated: Structures, structural components, frames, base plates, enclosures, permanent lifting beams and lugs, A-frames, equipment items, piping and valves			
Service: Environment with medium corrosivity C3 or lower, non-insulated			
Operating temperature range: + 120 °C to +400 °C <sup>Note 5,6</sup>			
Surface preparation requirements			
Pre-blasting preparation: P3, ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-3 <sup>Note 1</sup> , Surface cleaning to meet: "clean", ref. ASTM F22 Water break test			
Surface cleanliness: Sa 2 ½ , ref. NS-EN ISO 8501-1 Dust level max quantity and rating 2, ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-3, SSPC-SP 10			
Surface roughness: 35 µm to 50 µm ref. NS-EN ISO 8503-1, NS-EN ISO 8503-2 with grit comparator only, NS-EN ISO 8503-4 and / or NS-EN ISO 8503-5			
Max. level of water-soluble salts: 20 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , ref. NS-EN ISO 8502-6/NS-EN ISO 8502-9			
Generic description of the coating system			
Coat number	Generic type	MDFT <sup>Note 2</sup>	MAX DFT
1: (Primer)	Zinc silicate <sup>Note 3</sup>	60 µm	The maximum DFT for each coat shall be within the limits given in the relevant CADS
2: (Topcoat)	Silicone <sup>Note 4</sup>	20 µm	
Total MDFT		80 µm	
Pre-qualifications, procedure qualifications and inspection requirements			
Pre-qualification tests: M.8 and Table 1 11.8			
Inspections during CPT and production: Table 2, activities: 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4, 12.5, 12.6, 12.7, 12.9, 12.10, 12.11, 12.12, 12.13 and 12.15B			
Adhesion: Cross-cut test on the complete system, ISO 16276-2 classification 0-2 or ASTM D3359 classification 3B			
Repair requirements of damage on newly applied coating			
Damage exposing steel surface: Same requirements apply as for the original system.			
Damage not exposing the steel surface: Clean and feather as stated in Clause 13 and re-apply the missing coating layers as per the qualified system.			
NOTE 1 For castings steel preparations grade P2 is permitted.			
NOTE 2 If the actual surface roughness exceeds 85 µm, a corresponding DFT increase is required as per the correction value of NS-ISO 19840.			
NOTE 3 Zinc silicate primer shall contain minimum 85 % zinc dust by mass in the dry film. Zinc dust pigment shall comply with NS-EN ISO 3549.			
NOTE 4 A mist coat shall be applied according to the coating manufacturer's recommendations to minimise bubbling. When mist coat is used, the extent of thinning shall be covered in the CPS in accordance with the guidelines from the coating manufacturer.			

## Bibliography

### Add to start of Bibliography

The following documents are informatively cited in the text of this document, NORSOK M-501, the PDS (IOGP S-715D) or the IRS (IOGP S-715L).

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\* Cited in IOGP S-715J only.

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