

Supplementary Specification to IEC 60034-1 for High-voltage Three-phase Cage Induction Motors



Revision history

VERSION	DATE	PURPOSE
1.1	October 2023	Issued for Public Review
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Acknowledgements

This IOGP Specification was prepared by a Joint Industry Programme 33 Standardization of Equipment Specifications for Procurement organized by IOGP with support by the World Economic Forum (WEF).

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Foreword

This specification was prepared under Joint Industry Programme 33 (JIP33) "Standardization of Equipment Specifications for Procurement" organized by the International Oil & Gas Producers Association (IOGP) with the support from the World Economic Forum (WEF). Companies from the IOGP membership participated in developing this specification to leverage and improve industry level standardization globally in the oil and gas sector. The work has developed a minimized set of supplementary requirements for procurement, with life cycle cost in mind, resulting in a common and jointly agreed specification, building on recognized industry and international standards.

Recent trends in oil and gas projects have demonstrated substantial budget and schedule overruns. The Oil and Gas Community within the World Economic Forum (WEF) has implemented a Capital Project Complexity (CPC) initiative which seeks to drive a structural reduction in upstream project costs with a focus on industrywide, non-competitive collaboration and standardization. The CPC vision is to standardize specifications for global procurement for equipment and packages. JIP33 provides the oil and gas sector with the opportunity to move from internally to externally focused standardization initiatives and provide step change benefits in the sector's capital projects performance.

This specification has been developed in consultation with a broad user and supplier base to realize benefits from standardization and achieve significant project and schedule cost reductions.

The JIP33 work groups performed their activities in accordance with IOGP's Competition Law Guidelines (November 2020).



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Introduction

The purpose of the IOGP S-704 specification documents is to define a minimum common set of requirements for the procurement of high-voltage three-phase cage induction motors in accordance with IEC 60034-1, Edition 13.0, 2017, Rotating electrical machines – Part 1: Rating and performance for application in the petroleum and natural gas industries.

The IOGP S-704 specification documents follow a common structure (as shown below) comprising a specification, also known as a technical requirements specification (TRS), a procurement data sheet (PDS), an information requirements specification (IRS) and a quality requirements specification (QRS). These four specification documents, together with the purchase order, define the overall technical specification for procurement.



JIP33 Specification for Procurement Documents
Supplementary Technical Requirements Specification (TRS)

This specification is to be applied in conjunction with the supporting PDS, IRS and QRS as follows.

IOGP S-704: Supplementary Specification to IEC 60034-1 for High-voltage Three-phase Cage Induction Motors

This specification defines technical requirements for the supply of the equipment and is written as an overlay to IEC 60034-1, following the IEC 60034-1 clause structure. Clauses from IEC 60034-1 not amended by this specification apply as written. Modifications to IEC 60034-1 defined in this specification are introduced by a description that includes the type of modification (i.e. <u>Add</u>, <u>Replace</u> or <u>Delete</u>) and the position of the modification within the clause.

NOTE Lists, notes, tables, figures, equations, examples and warnings are not counted as paragraphs.

IOGP S-704D: Procurement Data Sheet for High-voltage Three-phase Cage Induction Motors (IEC)

The PDS defines application-specific requirements. The PDS is applied during the procurement cycle only and does not replace the equipment data sheet. The PDS may also include fields for supplier-provided information required as part of the purchaser's technical evaluation. Additional purchaser-supplied documents may also be incorporated or referenced in the PDS to define scope and technical requirements for enquiry and purchase of the equipment.



IOGP S-704L: Information Requirements for High-voltage Three-phase Cage Induction Motors (IEC)

The IRS defines information requirements for the scope of supply. The IRS includes information content, format, timing and purpose to be provided by the supplier, and may also define specific conditions that invoke the information requirements.

IOGP S-704Q: Quality Requirements for High-voltage Three-phase Cage Induction Motors (IEC)

The QRS defines quality management system requirements and the proposed extent of purchaser conformity assessment activities for the scope of supply. Purchaser conformity assessment activities are defined through the selection of one of four generic conformity assessment system (CAS) levels on the basis of evaluation of the associated service and supply chain risks. The applicable CAS level is specified by the purchaser in the PDS or in the purchase order.

The specification documents follow the editorial format of IEC 60034-1 and, where appropriate, the drafting principles and rules of ISO/IEC Directives Part 2.

The PDS and IRS are published as editable documents for the purchaser to specify application-specific requirements. The TRS and QRS are fixed documents.

The order of precedence of documents applicable to the supply of the equipment, with the highest authority listed first, shall be as follows:

- a) regulatory requirements;
- b) contract documentation (e.g. purchase order);
- c) purchaser-defined requirements (e.g. PDS, IRS and QRS);
- d) this specification;
- e) IEC 60034-1.



1 Scope

Add new subclause

1.1 Motors included in scope

The scope of this specification includes the following types of electric motors:

- with a form-wound stator coil AC squirrel cage induction type;
- with a rated power 100 kW or greater;
- with a rated voltage above 1 kV AC;
- with air or water cooling;
- with rolling element bearings, sleeve bearings or tilted pad thrust bearings;
- for single-speed use;
- suitable for hazardous and non-hazardous area environments;
- for converter duty and converter capable applications.

In this specification, the requirements for converter duty applications are also applicable to converter capable applications.

Add new subclause

1.2 Motors excluded from scope

The scope of this specification excludes the following types of electric motors:

- with a wire-wound stator coil type;
- submersible, subsea, canned or hermetically sealed motors;
- DC motors;
- synchronous motors.

Add new subclause

1.3 Extended use of this specification

This specification may be used as a basis for the purchase of electric motors that are outside the immediate scope of this specification. The extended use of this specification based on similar construction and cooling methods may include the following types:

- induction generators;
- form-wound motors with a rated voltage below 1 kV;
- multi-speed motors;



- reverse-speed motors;
- motors with magnetic bearings.

Those parameters that are outside the scope of this specification are subject to agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

2 Normative references

Add to first paragraph

The following publications are referred to in this document, the PDS (IOGP S-704D) or the IRS (IOGP S-704L) in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this specification.

Add to section

ANSI/NEMA MG 1, Motors and Generators

API Standard 541:2014 (Reaffirmed 2021), Form-wound Squirrel Cage Induction Motors—375 kW (500 Horsepower) and Larger

API Standard 670, Machinery Protection Systems

IEC 60034-2-1:2014, Standard methods for determining losses and efficiency from tests (excluding machines for traction vehicles)

IEC 60034-7, Rotating electrical machines – Part 7: Classification of types of construction, mounting arrangements and terminal box position (IM Code)

IEC 60034-8:2007+AMD1:2014 Edition 3.1 CSV, Rotating electrical machines – Part 8: Terminal markings and direction of rotation

IEC 60034-14, Rotating electrical machines – Part 14: Mechanical vibration of certain machines with shaft heights 56 mm and higher – Measurement, evaluation and limits of vibration severity

IEC 60034-18-41:2014+AMD1:2019 Editions 1.1 CSV, Rotating electrical machines - Part 18-41: Partial discharge free electrical insulation systems (Type I) used in rotating electrical machines fed from voltage converters - Qualification and quality control tests

IEC 60034-18-42:2017+AMD1:2020 Edition 1.1 CSV, Rotating electrical machines - Part 18-42: Partial discharge resistant electrical insulation systems (Type II) used in rotating electrical machines fed from voltage converters - Qualification tests

IEC TS 60034-25:2022, Rotating electrical machines – Part 25: AC electrical machines used in power drive systems – Application guide

IEC 60034-27-1, Rotating electrical machines – Part 27-1: Off-line partial discharge measurements on the winding insulation

IEC 60034-27-3, Rotating electrical machines – Part 27-3: Dielectric dissipation factor measurement on stator winding insulation of rotating electrical machines

IEC 60034-28:2012, Rotating electrical machines – Part 28: Test methods for determining quantities of equivalent circuit diagrams for three-phase low-voltage cage induction motors



IEC 60072-2, Dimensions and output series for rotating electrical machines - Part 2: Frame numbers 355 to 1000 and flange numbers 1180 to 2360

IEC 60079 (all parts), Explosive atmospheres

IEC 60092-101, Electrical installations in ships – Part 101: Definitions and general requirements

IEC 60423:2007, Conduit systems for cable management – Outside diameters of conduits for electrical installations and threads for conduits and fittings

IEC 60751, Industrial platinum resistance thermometers and platinum temperature sensors

IEC 61800-2:2021, Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 2: General requirements – Rating specifications for adjustable speed AC power drive systems

IEEE 112:2017, IEEE Standard Test Procedure for Polyphase Induction Motors and Generators

IEEE 522, IEEE Guide for Testing Turn Insulation of Form-Wound Stator Coils for Alternating-Current Electric Machines

ISO 281, Rolling bearings — Dynamic load ratings and rating life

ISO 1680, Acoustics — Test code for the measurement of airborne noise emitted by rotating electrical machines

ISO 5753-1:2009, Rolling bearings — Internal clearance — Part 1: Radial internal clearance for radial bearings

ISO 12944-1, Paints and varnishes — Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems — Part 1: General introduction

ISO 12944-2, Paints and varnishes — Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems — Part 2: Classification of environments

ISO 12944-6, Paints and varnishes — Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems — Part 6: Laboratory performance test methods

ISO 21940-11, Mechanical vibration — Rotor balancing — Part 11: Procedures and tolerances for rotors with rigid behaviour

ISO 21940-11 AMD 1, Mechanical vibration — Rotor balancing — Part 11: Procedures and tolerances for rotors with rigid behaviour AMENDMENT 1 — First Edition

ISO 21940-12, Mechanical vibration — Rotor balancing — Part 12: Procedures and tolerances for rotors with flexible behaviour

ISO 21940-32, Mechanical vibration — Rotor balancing — Part 32: Shaft and fitment key convention

Delete from clause

IEC 60034-8:2007, Rotating electrical machines – Part 8: Terminal markings and direction of rotation

IEC 60034-8:2007/AMD1:2014, Amendment 1 Rotating electrical machines – Part 8: Terminal markings and direction of rotation

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IEC 60034-18-41:2014, Rotating electrical machines – Part 18-41: Partial discharge free electrical insulation systems (Type I) used in rotating electrical machines fed from voltage converters – Qualification and quality control tests

IEC 60034-18-41:2014/AMD1:2019, Amendment 1 Rotating electrical machines – Part 18-41: Partial discharge free electrical insulation systems (Type I) used in rotating electrical machines fed from voltage converters – Qualification and quality control tests

IEC 60034-18-42:2017, Rotating electrical machines – Part 18-42: Partial discharge resistant electrical insulation systems (Type II) used in rotating electrical machines fed from voltage converters – Qualification tests

IEC 60034-18-42:2017/AMD1:2020, Amendment 1 Rotating electrical machines – Part 18-42: Partial discharge resistant electrical insulation systems (Type II) used in rotating electrical machines fed from voltage converters – Qualification tests

IEC TS 60034-25:2014, Rotating electrical machines – Part 25: AC electrical machines used in power drive systems – Application guide

Replace Clause 3 title with

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

Add new subclause 3.0 to start of clause

3.0 Abbreviated terms

Ex explosive atmosphere

GRP glass reinforced plastic

RTD resistance temperature device

Add new term 3.38

3.38

critical speed

shaft rotational speed at which a machine component (e.g. shaft, rotor) is in a state of resonance

Add new term 3.39

3.39

maximum continuous operating speed

highest rotational speed at which the motor, as-built and tested, is defined for continuous operation, expressed as revolutions per minute [min-1]

Add new term 3.40

3.40

minimum continuous operating speed

lowest rotational speed at which the motor, as-built and tested, is defined for continuous operation, expressed as revolutions per minute [min⁻¹]



- 4 Duty
- 4.2 Duty types
- 4.2.9 Duty type S9 Duty with non-periodic load and speed variations

Replace "IEC TS 60034-25:2014" with

IEC TS 60034-25:2022

4.2.10 Duty type S10 - Duty with discrete constant loads and speeds

Replace "IEC TS 60034-25:2014" with

IEC TS 60034-25:2022

- 5 Rating
- 5.5 Rated output
- 5.5.2 AC generators

Replace "volt-amperes (VA)" with

kilovolt-amperes (kVA)

5.5.3 Motors

Replace "watts (W)" with

kilowatts (kW)

5.5.4 Synchronous compensators

Replace "volt-amperes (VA)" with

kilovolt-amperes (kVA)

- 5.6 Rated voltage
- 5.6.2 AC generators

Replace "7.3" with

7.4

5.8 Machines with more than one rating

In third paragraph, replace "7.3" with

7.4



Add new subclause

5.9 Efficiency

For 2-pole and 4-pole motors, compliance with Table 23 shall be confirmed at the rated voltage and frequency in accordance with IEC 60034-2-1:2014, Table 2.

NOTE 6-pole and 8-pole motor efficiency is declared by the manufacturer.

Add new Table 23

Table 23 - Minimum motor efficiency

Power rating kW	2-pole motor efficiency value %	4-pole motor efficiency value %
185	94,2	94,6
200	94,5	94,7
220	94,7	95,1
250	95,1	95,2
280	95,3	95,4
300	95,4	95,5
315	95,5	95,5
335	95,6	95,6
355	95,7	95,7
375	95,8	95,8
400 - 500	96,0	96,0
530 - 570	96,2	96,2
800 - 950	96,4	96,4
≥1 000	96,5	96,5

6 Site conditions

Add new subclause

6.8 Degree of ingress protection

The minimum degree of ingress protection of the motor shall be as specified in Table 24 and in accordance with IEC 60034-5.

Add new Table 24

Table 24 – Minimum degree of ingress protection based on the location of the installation

Installation environment	Minimum degree of ingress protection	
	Motor	Terminal box
Indoor	IP55	IP55
Outdoor – coastal and onshore	IP55	IP55
Outdoor – offshore / open deck	IP56	IP56



8 Thermal performance and tests

8.1 Thermal class

Replace first paragraph with

The motor insulation system shall be minimum thermal class 155 (F) without exceeding thermal class 130 (B) temperature rise for the motor rated output at the maximum ambient air temperature.

Add to subclause

For converter duty motors, the insulation system shall be minimum thermal class 155 (F) without exceeding thermal class 130 (B) temperature rise within the operating load envelope at the maximum ambient air temperature.

NOTE For motors with air-cooled and water-cooled heat exchangers, the "ambient" is the temperature of the internal air discharged from the heat exchanger and flows into the cooling air circuit.

8.6 Determination of winding temperature

8.6.1 Choice of method

Delete third paragraph

9 Other performance and tests

9.1 Routine tests

Add to subclause

A "soft feet" check in accordance with API Standard 541:20146.3.1.16 shall be made prior to running tests.

Add to subclause

For forced lubrication systems, factory tests shall be carried out using the specified lube oil viscosity with the oil temperature maintained within the range of operating values recommended by the manufacturer.

Add to subclause

During vibration severity tests, the lube oil inlet temperature shall be adjusted to the maximum temperature permitted by the lubrication system design.

Add to subclause

When bearing modification or replacement is undertaken during testing, bearing related tests shall be repeated to reassess the bearing performance.

Add new NOTE

NOTE Cosmetic repairs such as removal of scratches that do not otherwise affect motor performance are not a reason for retesting.



Replace Table 16 title with

Table 16 – Tests for motors assembled and tested at the manufacturer's factory

Replace Table 16 with

Test No.	Test description	Reference standard	Remarks
Routii	Routine tests		
1	Visual inspection	Approved drawing and documents	
2 f	Measurement of ohmic resistance of stator windings referred to 25 °C	IEC 60034-2-1:2014, 5.7.1	
3	Measurement of insulation resistance of stator windings	IEC 60034-27-4	Test also carried out post withstand voltage test
4 f	Check of phase sequence/direction of rotation and terminal markings	IEC 60034-8:2014, 6.7	
5 ^f	No-load losses and current test at rated frequency ^a	IEC 60034-2-1:2014, 6.1.3.2.4	
5A	No-load losses and current test at minimum continuous operating speed	IEC 60034-2-3	Test for converter duty motor
5B	No-load losses and current test at maximum continuous operating speed	IEC 60034-2-3	Test for converter duty motor
6	Verification of magnetic centre and end play (where sleeve bearings are provided)	API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.9.3	
7 ^f	Withstand voltage test	IEC 60034-1:2022, 9.2	
8	Measurement of insulation resistance of insulated bearings	IEEE 112:2017, 8.4	
9	Functional tests of auxiliary devices and controls	Manufacturer's standard	
10	Withstand voltage tests on resistance temperature device (RTDs), space heaters and insulated bearings where applicable	IEC 60034-1:2022, 9.2	
11	Insulation resistance tests on RTDs and space heaters where applicable	IEC 60204-1:2016, 18.3	
12	Vibration test at no load	IEC 60034-14:2018, Clause 8 and Clause 9	
Perfo	rmance tests ^g		
1	No-load characteristic (saturation curve) at rated frequency ^b	IEC 60034-2-1:2014, 6.1.3.2.4	Not applicable for motors with rated power less than 400 kW
2	Locked rotor current test	IEC 60034-28:2012, 6.6.3	Test for single-speed motor
3	Locked rotor torque test	IEEE 112, 7.2.2	Not applicable for motors with rated power less than 400 kW Test for single-speed motor
4	Temperature rise test	IEC 60034-1:2022, Clause 8 or IEC 60034-29 °	
5	Sleeve bearing inspection	API Standard 541:2014, 6.3.2	
6	Determination of efficiency at 100 %, 75 % and 50% load at rated power factor	IEC 60034-2-1:2014, Clause 6	Test for single-speed motor
6A	Determination of efficiency at 100 %, 75 % and 50% load at rated power factor	IEC 60034-2-3:2020, Clause 6	Not applicable for motors with rated power less than 400 kW Test for converter duty motor



Table 16 (continued)

Test No.	Test description	Reference standard	Remarks
Speci	al tests ^h		
1	Rated rotor temperature vibration test (heat run test)	API Standard 541:2014, 6.3.5.2	Alternately testing (procedure, purpose, etc.) to be agreed between purchaser and manufacturer
2	Overspeed test	IEC 60034-1:2022, 9.7	Not applicable for motors with rated power less than 400 kW
3	Measurement of electrical and mechanical run out	IEC 60034-14:2018, Clause 9	
4	Measurements of shaft voltage at no-load	IEEE 112:2017, 8.3	
5	Bearing temperature rise at no-load	API Standard 541:2014, 6.3.2	
6	Noise level at no load	ISO 1680	
7	Measurement of moment of inertia	Manufacturer's standard	
8	Measurement of torque and current as function of speed during starting	IEEE 112:2017, 7.3.2	
9	Dielectric dissipation test (tan δ) on stator windings	IEC 60034-27-3	In process test
10	Partial discharge test on complete stator	IEC 60034-27-1	In process test
11	Sealed winding conformance test	ANSI/NEMA MG 1	In process test
12	Unbalanced response test	API Standard 541:2014, 6.3.5.3	
13	Bearing housing natural frequency test	API Standard 541:2014, 6.3.5.4	
14	Stator core test	API Standard 541:2014, 6.3.4.1	In process test
15	Surge comparison test (complete stator assembly)	IEEE 522	In process test
16	Sample coil test	API Standard 541:2014, 6.3.4.2, IEC 60034-15, IEC 60034-27-1, IEC 60034-27-3	
17	Heat exchanger performance verification test	API Standard 541:2014, 6.3.5.5	
18	Hydrostatic pressure test of heat exchanger tubing devices ^d	Design code ^e	

- ^a No stabilization of temperature required for measurement of no-load losses.
- b The no-load characteristic shall be measured up to a minimum of 125 % of the rated voltage.
- ^c IEC 60034-29 shall be used as the reference standard where testing to IEC 60034-1 is restricted due to the physical size of the machine.
- Water to air heat exchanger testing is performed at the heat exchanger manufacturer's premises.
- e Heat exchanger design code to be confirmed by the supplier.
- ^f Heat exchanger design code to be confirmed by the supplier.
- Where one or more than one identical motor is purchased, the listed performance tests are carried out on at least one motor. However, the need for the performance tests and the number of motors to be tested may be agreed between the purchaser and manufacturer.
- b Specify the special tests required to be performed in IOGP S-704D.



9.2 Withstand voltage test

In eighth paragraph, replace "7.3" with

7.4

10 Information requirements

10.3 Rating plate

Replace first sentence of first paragraph with

Rating and marking plates shall be 316L stainless steel.

Replace second sentence of first paragraph with

The information included on rating and marking plates shall be stamped or engraved.

In first sentence of second paragraph, replace "The rating plate(s) shall preferably be mounted on the frame of the machine" with

The rating and marking plates shall be attached to a non-removable part of the motor frame with stainless steel 316L fasteners

10.4 Information content

10.4.1 General

In first sentence of first paragraph, replace "10.4.5" with

10.4.6

In first sentence of second paragraph, replace "jj)" with

kk)

10.4.2 Minimum information requirements

Replace list item j) with

j) Efficiency at full load.

Replace list item k) with

k) The total mass of the motor.

Replace subclause 10.4.6 title with

10.4.6 Additional information

Replace item gg) with

gg) On a separate rating plate, the types of the bearings, bearing sizes, clearance, bearing insulation, shaft and housing fit for drive end and non-drive end bearings, type of lubricant, lubrication interval, minimum and maximum allowable quantity of lubricant and oil pressure/flow rate for forced lubricated bearings.



Add new list item kk)

kk) For motors used in a hazardous area, the equipment marking on a separate nameplate applied to Ex Equipment and/or Ex Components in accordance with IEC 60079.

11 Miscellaneous requirements

11.1 Protective earthing of machines

Replace fourth paragraph with

The machine shall have two diagonally opposite earthing bosses with M12 internal threads, fitted externally on the machine frame.

Add to subclause

The motor shall have a means for connecting a conducting cable sheath inside each terminal box.

Add to subclause

The earthing boss shall be permanently marked with the symbol (IEC 60417-5019) to indicate protective earth.

Add to subclause

The motor shall have bonding straps across joints within or between the motor frame components.

Add new subclause

11.3 Performance criteria

11.3.1 Single-speed motor starting, re-starting and re-acceleration

11.3.1.1

For motors without specific starting requirements, the locked rotor current shall be between 4,5 and 6,5 times the rated current.

11.3.1.2

The motor shall be designed for direct-on-line starting across full line voltage in accordance with Table 25.

Add new Table 25

Table 25 - Number of re-starts of motors

Starting condition	Status	Minimum number of consecutive starts ^a per hour
With the initial temperature at or below maximum ambient temperature	Cold	3
With the initial temperature above maximum ambient temperature but not exceeding the maximum rated operating temperature	Hot	2
Coasting to rest between consecutive starts.		



11.3.1.3

Motors shall be designed and constructed for a minimum of 5 000 full-voltage starts.

11.3.1.4

The motor shall start direct-on-line and accelerate with the rated load at 80 % of the rated voltage applied at the motor terminals.

11.3.1.5

The locked rotor withstand time under hot condition shall be greater than 5 s.

11.3.1.6

Inclusive of the negative tolerance, the accelerating torque of the motor at the rated frequency with 80 % of the rated voltage applied at the motor terminals shall be at least 10 % of the full load torque at any point.

11.3.1.7

When re-acceleration is required following a power interruption to the motor not exceeding 0,2 s, the motor shall re-accelerate with full residual voltage in total phase opposition to the supply voltage.

11.3.1.8

Running-up times shall be calculated using inertia values and torque-speed characteristics of the driven equipment.

11.3.2 Transient air-gap torques

The rotor shaft and active iron core systems shall withstand a two-phase short-circuit current at the motor terminals for 0,1 s.

11.3.3 Pulsating torques

The inertia of the motor driving equipment requiring variable torque during every revolution shall restrict the stator current variation to 40 % of the motor rated current.

11.3.4 Critical speed

11.3.4.1

For single-speed motors, the lateral natural frequencies that result in resonance amplification of vibration amplitudes shall fall outside the band of operating speed \pm minimum 15 %.

11.3.4.2

For converter duty motors, the lateral natural frequencies that result in resonance amplification of vibration amplitudes shall fall outside the band of operating speed range ± minimum 15 %.

11.3.5 Noise

11.3.5.1

The sound pressure level of the machine operating at rated speed and no load when fed with sinusoidal supply voltage, measured in any direction at a distance of 1 m, shall be less than 85 dB(A).



11.3.5.2

Motors shall meet the noise limits by design without implementing corrective measures.

11.3.5.3

Noise measurements shall be in accordance with ISO 1680.

Add new subclause

11.4 Design criteria

11.4.1 General

11.4.1.1

The motor shall be designed and constructed for a minimum service life of 25 years excluding parts subjected to wear and tear.

11.4.1.2

The motor shall be designed for continuous operation of at least six years, excluding oil change of self-lubricated sleeve bearings.

11.4.1.3

The motor shall be constructed with components, materials and design features with proven service in the industry for at least two years.

11.4.2 Enclosure design

11.4.2.1 General

11.4.2.1.1

The motor enclosure shall have a low point drain hole with removable plug.

11.4.2.1.2

Drain plugs shall be accessible with the motor installed in service position.

11.4.2.2 Mounting

11.4.2.2.1

The motor mounting arrangement shall be in accordance with IEC 60034-7.

11.4.2.2.2

Frame supports shall be provided with two vertical pilot holes for the installation of alignment dowels.

11.4.2.2.3

Vertically mounted motors with a downward facing drive end shaft shall be provided with a canopy shielding the upward facing air inlets.



11.4.2.2.4

Vertically mounted motors with an upward facing drive end shaft shall be provided with a seal in addition to the bearing seal and/or shaft mounted water flinger to prevent water/fluid ingress through the drive end bearing.

11.4.2.3 Frame

11.4.2.3.1

Frame numbers and fixing dimensions shall be in accordance with IEC 60072-2.

11.4.2.3.2

The motor frame and add-on assemblies inclusive of terminal box covers heavier than 25 kg shall be provided with lifting lugs or lifting eyebolts.

11.4.2.3.3

Foot-mounted motors shall be provided with vertical jacking provisions and, when a soleplate is included in scope of supply, with horizontal jacking provisions.

11.4.2.3.4

Where a corrosivity category of C4 or greater is specified, the selection of hardware used on the frame shall be in accordance with Table 26.

Table 26 - Selection criteria for hardware used on frame

Hardware type	Hardware material
External screws, bolts, nuts and washers of a thread diameter less than or equal to 10 mm	316L stainless steel
External screws, bolts, nuts and washers with a thread diameter greater than 10 mm	Hot-dip galvanized
Cooling air inlet protection mesh	316L stainless steel
Grease nipples	316L stainless steel

11.4.2.3.5

Motors with a frame size 630 and above shall have removable inspection covers for the following:

- where applicable, inspection of coil end turns;
- inspection of air gap in at least three positions located 90° apart.

NOTE The provision of inspection covers is not possible in all situations and deviations, if any, are brought to the attention of the purchaser.

11.4.2.4 Surface finish

11.4.2.4.1

For onshore applications, the protective paint system corrosivity category shall be at least C3 in accordance with ISO 12944-2.



11.4.2.4.2

For offshore exterior applications, the protective paint system corrosivity category shall be CX in accordance with ISO 12944-2.

11.4.2.4.3

The protective paint system durability category shall be at least "medium" in accordance with ISO 12944-1 for all locations.

11.4.3 Cooling

11.4.3.1 General

11.4.3.1.1

Motor cooling shall be selected from the cooling methods listed in Table 27, in accordance with IEC 60034-6 and the specified degree of ingress protection.

Table 27 - Motor cooling method

Cooling method	Code
Frame surface cooled motors using surrounding medium with self-circulation of secondary coolant	IC4A1A1
Motors with an integral heat exchanger using surrounding medium with self-circulation of secondary coolant	IC5A1A1
Motors with a machine mounted heat exchanger using surrounding medium with self-circulation of secondary coolant	IC6A1A1
Motors with a machine mounted heat exchanger using remote medium with self-circulation of primary coolant	IC7A1W7
Motors with a machine mounted heat exchanger using surrounding medium with self-circulation of primary coolant	IC8A1W7

11.4.3.1.2

The operating frequency, or frequencies for converter duty motors, and operating frequency multiples of the motor shall not trigger the natural frequency of vibration of any cooling system components.

11.4.3.2 Air cooled heat exchangers

11.4.3.2.1

Cooling air tubes shall be accessible for cleaning without removal of the exchanger assembly.

11.4.3.2.2

A three-wire Pt-100 temperature sensor shall be provided to monitor the heat exchanger outlet air temperature.

11.4.3.2.3

Air-cooled heat exchangers shall be in accordance with API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.10.8.

11.4.3.3 Water-cooled heat exchangers

11.4.3.3.1

Water-cooled heat exchangers shall be provided with low point drains and air release vents.



11.4.3.3.2

Water-cooled heat exchangers shall have provision for leakage or condensation collection and drainage of coolant.

11.4.3.3.3

Water-cooled heat exchangers shall be provided with 20 % spare tubes.

11.4.3.3.4

Water-cooled heat exchanger tube bundles shall have provision for plugging and isolating the leaking tubes.

11.4.3.3.5

Water-cooled heat exchangers shall be in accordance with API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.10.8.

11.4.3.3.6

When the required parameters on the water side are not available from the purchaser, cooling water system design criteria shall be in accordance with API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.1.2.4.

11.4.4 Stator windings

11.4.4.1

Winding coils shall be of a form-wound, fully vacuum-pressure impregnated (VPI) construction.

NOTE If accepted by the purchaser, resin-rich windings can be provided.

11.4.4.2

For motors with a rated voltage greater than or equal to 6 kV, the winding insulation system shall use partial discharge suppressant materials.

11.4.4.3

Winding coils shall have uniform insulation levels rated for line-to-line voltage.

11.4.4.4

Winding connections, except those completed in the main terminal box, shall be brazed using a silver-based brazing material.

11.4.4.5

The windings of the motor shall be star connected.

11.4.5 Rotor

11.4.5.1

The rotor shaft material shall comply with API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.5.1.3.

11.4.5.2

Where shaft keys are provided, rotors shall be balanced with a half-key fitted in the shaft keyway in accordance with IEC 60034-14 and ISO 21940-32.



11.4.5.3

Rotors shall be balanced to restrict the residual unbalance below the permissible limit determined by the specified balance quality grade.

11.4.5.4

Rotors with rigid shaft characteristics shall be balanced in accordance with ISO 21940-11.

11.4.5.5

For converter duty motors with rigid shaft characteristics, the maximum vibration magnitude limits shall be applicable throughout the defined speed range.

11.4.5.6

Rotors with flexible shaft characteristics shall be balanced at rated speed in accordance with ISO 21940-12.

11.4.5.7

For converter duty motors with flexible shaft characteristics, the maximum vibration magnitude limits shall be applicable throughout the defined speed range.

11.4.5.8

Rotor shaft ends shall be provided with an ISO metric threaded hole to facilitate coupling and rolling element bearing removal.

11.4.5.9

For motors with sleeve bearings, the rotor shall be permanently marked to be visible in operation and standstill position with the magnetic centre and limits of permissible shaft axial movement.

11.4.5.10

Shaft extensions shall be in accordance with IEC 60072-2.

11.4.6 Terminals

Terminal bushings and post insulators shall be made of cycloaliphatic epoxy resin material.

11.4.7 Terminal boxes

11.4.7.1

The main terminal box shall be made of fabricated steel with a thickness greater than or equal to 3 mm.

11.4.7.2

Main and neutral terminal boxes shall have terminal markings and the direction of rotation in accordance with IEC 60034-8.

11.4.7.3

Threaded cable gland entries shall have a metric thread in accordance with IEC 60423:2007, Table 1.



11.4.7.4

Cable entries shall be fitted with blanking devices to retain the ingress protection rating of the motor during transportation and storage.

11.4.7.5

Where single core power cables are specified, the gland plate and multi-cable transit frame shall be made of a non-magnetic material.

11.4.7.6

Where provided, the neutral terminal box shall be located on the opposite side of the main terminal box.

11.4.7.7

For non-Ex db main terminal boxes, a corrosion-resistant pressure-relief diaphragm shall be incorporated in the terminal box.

11.4.7.8

The discharge of the pressure-relief diaphragm shall be located on the back panel of the terminal box and directed towards the motor frame.

11.4.7.9

The bottom of the terminal box shall be higher than the mounting surface of the motor.

11.4.7.10

Motor auxiliaries and instruments shall be wired to separate auxiliary terminal boxes mounted on the side of the motor.

11.4.8 Fans

11.4.8.1

Fan impellers external to the stator end shields shall be keyed or screwed to the rotor shaft.

11.4.8.2

Motors with unidirectional fans shall have a permanently affixed label with an arrow indicating the direction of rotation.

11.4.8.3

Where a corrosivity category greater than C3 has been specified, fan impellers external to the stator end shields shall not be aluminium.

11.4.8.4

Fan covers shall be constructed from ferrous metal.



11.4.9 Bearing and Lubrication

11.4.9.1 Bearing insulation

11.4.9.1.1

The non-drive end bearing shall be electrically insulated from the rotor shaft.

11.4.9.1.2

The bearing housing shall bear a prominent label to indicate the use of insulated bearing.

11.4.9.2 Sleeve bearings

11.4.9.2.1

Sleeve bearings shall be spherical seated and self-aligning.

11.4.9.2.2

Replacement of sleeve bearing liners, pads or shells shall be possible without disassembly of the lower half of the end bells, plates and ductwork or without disassembly of the coupling on the motor.

11.4.9.2.3

The motor shall start and run without the need for jacking oil to the sleeve bearings.

11.4.9.2.4

Self-lubricated sleeve bearings shall be provided with an oil level indicator.

11.4.9.2.5

Sleeve bearings with a ring lubricating system shall permit the visual inspection of oil ring operation while the motor is running.

11.4.9.2.6

For a flood lubrication system with a lube oil re-circulation circuit, a flow indicator shall be provided in the lube oil return lines.

11.4.9.2.7

Machines shall have provision for two non-contacting vibration measurement proximity probes per sleeve bearing in accordance with API Standard 670.

11.4.9.2.8

The oil and bearing temperatures shall be in accordance with API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.7.1.14.

11.4.9.2.9

The flood lubrication system shall have redundant oil pumps.

11.4.9.2.10

The flood lubrication system shall have provision for topping up the oil level while the motor is in operation.



11.4.9.2.11

If the forced lubrication system fails or is switched off, the motor shall rundown safely.

11.4.9.2.12

The flood lubrication system of the hydrocarbon gas compressor motor shall be separate from the hydrocarbon gas compressor seal or lube oil system unless a dry gas seal system that prevents the following is provided:

- seal gas from entering the lube oil system;
- lube oil from penetrating the dry gas seals.

11.4.9.2.13

When low-speed barring is required, the motor bearing, excluding rolling element type, shall be lubricated irrespective of the specified lubrication system.

11.4.9.3 Rolling element bearings

11.4.9.3.1

The minimum lubrication interval of grease lubricated rolling element bearings shall be in accordance with Table 28.

Add new Table 28

Table 28 – Lubrication intervals of grease lubricated rolling element bearings

Motor mounting type	Lubrication interval
Horizontal	≥ 4 000
Vertical	≥ 2 000

11.4.9.3.2

Rolling element bearings shall be C3 type in accordance with ISO 5753-1:2009, Table 1, Group 3.

11.4.9.3.3

The minimum L10h bearing design lifetime in accordance with ISO 281 shall be in accordance with Table 29.

Add new Table 29

Table 29 - Minimum L10h bearing design lifetime

Motor mounting type	Minimum L10h bearing design lifetime h
Horizontal	50 000
Vertical	40 000

11.4.9.3.4

Motors with rolling element bearings shall have provision for specified vibration measurement sensors per bearing.



11.4.9.3.5

For motors with no vibration sensor provision, the bearing housings of the motor shall have a flat surface with two positions X and Y clearly marked for measurement using a portable vibration sensor.

11.4.9.3.6

Lubrication ports of rolling element bearings shall be accessible while the motor is running.

11.4.9.3.7

Rolling element bearings shall use grease that contains mineral based oil and lithium complex thickener.

11.4.9.3.8

Grease lubricated rolling element bearings assembly shall be provided with a labyrinth seal and a grease-relief valve.

11.4.9.3.9

Selection of rolling element bearings for horizontal motors shall be in accordance with API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.7.1.3.

11.4.9.3.10

Selection of rolling element bearings for vertical motors shall be in accordance with API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.7.1.4 and 4.4.7.1.5.

11.4.10 Lateral analysis

When specified, lateral analysis shall be carried out for test floor and final site conditions in accordance with API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.6.2.1.

11.4.11 Torsional analysis

When specified, torsional analysis shall be performed in accordance with API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.6.2.2.

11.4.12 Monitoring and protection devices

11.4.12.1 General

11.4.12.1.1

External connections between motor mounted devices and respective terminal boxes shall be routed in steel conduits clamped on the motor frame.

11.4.12.1.2

Each wire of the mounted device shall be connected to an individual terminal in the respective terminal box.

11.4.12.1.3

Three-wire Pt-100 platinum resistance temperature sensors in accordance with IEC 60751 shall be used for temperature detection.



11.4.12.2 Winding temperature sensors

Two winding temperature sensors per phase shall be installed to detect the highest temperatures of the stator winding.

11.4.12.3 Bearing temperature sensors

Where bearing insulation is provided, the integrity of bearing insulation shall remain uncompromised on the installation of the temperature sensor.

11.4.12.4 Heat exchangers

11.4.12.4.1 Air-cooled heat exchangers

For air-cooled heat exchangers, a three-wire Pt-100 temperature sensor shall be provided to measure the temperature of the cooling air leaving the heat exchanger.

11.4.12.4.2 Water-cooled heat exchangers

11.4.12.4.2.1

For water-cooled heat exchangers, three-wire Pt-100 temperature sensors shall be provided to monitor the inlet and outlet air temperatures.

11.4.12.4.2.2

Water-cooled heat exchangers shall be provided with leakage detection.

11.4.12.5 Partial discharge monitoring

11.4.12.5.1

Where stator winding partial discharge sensors are provided, the lead wires shall be connected to the terminals in a dedicated terminal box mounted on the motor frame.

11.4.12.5.2

Where stator winding partial discharge sensors are provided, the line conductor terminal box shall be sized to adhere with the installation requirements of the sensors' supplier.

11.4.12.5.3

Where stator winding partial discharge sensors are provided for motors used in a hazardous area, the sensors shall have an independent hazardous area certification.

11.4.13 Anti-condensation heaters

11.4.13.1

Anti-condensation heaters provided around stator windings or within power terminal boxes shall keep the inside temperature 5 K above the ambient air temperature while the motor is not in operation.

11.4.13.2

Anti-condensation heaters shall be wired to terminals in a separate terminal box mounted on the motor frame.



11.4.13.3

A warning label stating "External voltage source" shall be affixed on the cover of the anti-condensation heater terminal box.

11.4.14 Additional requirements for converter duty motors

11.4.14.1

Converter duty motors shall be in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25.

11.4.14.2

The stated continuous motor output ratings for converter duty motors shall be in accordance with IEC 61800-2:2021, 5.3.3.

11.4.14.3

When specified, torsional analysis of converter duty motors shall be in accordance with IEC 61800-2:2021, 5.13.2 and API Standard 541:2014, 4.4.6.2.2.

11.4.15 Motors intended for use in hazardous areas

11.4.15.1 Certification

11.4.15.1.1

Motors and their mounted components shall be certified for the specified protection type in accordance with IEC 60079.

11.4.15.1.2

Motors for use in a hazardous area shall be provided with a certificate issued by a notified body or a certification body.

NOTE A manufacturer's declaration of conformity alone does not satisfy the requirement of 11.4.15.1.2.

11.4.15.2 Flameproof (type Ex db)

Motors with protection level Ex db shall have terminal boxes with protection level Ex eb.

11.4.15.3 Pressurized (type Ex pxb and Ex pzc)

The pressurization unit shall provide the following status information:

- purge cycle in progress;
- purge cycle complete;
- pressurized;
- pressure low / pressure fail.



12 Tolerances

12.1 General

In NOTE 2, replace "IEC Guide 115:2021" with

IEC Guide 115:2023

13 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

13.1 General

Replace first paragraph with

The EMC requirements specified in Clause 13 shall apply to all electrical machines included in the scope of this specification.



Bibliography

Add to start of Bibliography

The following documents are informatively cited in the text of this document, IEC 600034-1, the PDS (IOGP S-704D) or the IRS (IOGP S-704L).

Add to Bibliography

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